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Regd. No. B 1065

# The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 170 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Regd. No. B 1065

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# America's Broad Hint To Britain

## Opposition To Burma Road Closure

## CHINA LODGES PROTEST: QUESTION IN LORDS

## Jawahar's Fears About Peace Move: Kuomintang Appeal

*WASHINGTON, July 16.*

*The State Department announces that the United States is opposed to the closing of world trade arteries, such as the Burma Road.—Reuter.*

**The Chinese Government has lodged a strong protest with the British Government on learning that the latter has decided to suspend transportation through Burma of certain supplies to China, says a Chungking message.**

### *UNWARRANTED OBSTACLES TO TRADE*

WASHINGTON, July 16.

The following statement was issued by Mr. Cordell Hull:

"The Secretary of State in reply to enquiries by press correspondents for comments in regard to the reports that, at the instance of the Japanese Government, the British Government would prohibit temporarily the movement of certain commodities through Burma into China across what is known as the Burma Route, said that the United States Government has legitimate interest in the keeping open of arteries of commerce in every part of the world and considers that action such as this if taken and such as was taken recently in relation to the Indo-China Railway would constitute unwarranted interpositions of obstacles to world trade".—Reuter.

### *CHINESE AMBASSADOR AT FOREIGN OFFICE*

LONDON, July 16.

The Chinese Ambassador called at the Foreign Office last night to make representations with regard to the temporary restrictions imposed on certain categories of goods over the Burma Road, Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent learns from authoritative quarters in London.

The Ambassador expressed anxiety on the part of his Government at the possible consequences of an attempt to begin general peace negotiations at the moment and at the same time made it clear that the Chinese Government regarded any restriction on the passage of vital supplies over the road as not being in accordance with Britain's undertakings as a member of the League of Nations.

While fully appreciating the difficulties with which Britain at the moment was faced, the Chinese Government trusted that it would be made clear that the British Government's decision to impose such restrictions was not intended to prejudice Britain's future policy in regard to China.

It is pointed out in London that any general settlement envisaged by His Majesty's Government will only be in accordance with a just and equitable peace for China.—Reuter.

### *BRITISH OFFER TO JAPAN*

LONDON, July 16.

It is learnt that Sir Robert Craigie's offer to Mr. Arita to restrict transport to China of certain categories of goods by the Burma road was to be for a period of three months and on condition that the period was used to reach

(Continued on page 7 Col. 2)

## HITLER DROPS CAROL?

### Asks Rumania To Settle Disputes With Hungary And Bulgaria

BUCHAREST, July 16.

It is understood that Germany has advised Rumania, Bulgaria and Hungary to settle the outstanding territorial differences between them with Germany as a go-between. Negotiations to this end are stated to be in progress between Sofia, Bucharest and Budapest.

Germany is chiefly concerned with the future status of the 800,000 members of the German minority in Rumania of whom a greater part are in Transylvania. The German plan would be to concentrate a majority of them in one region in Transylvania and grant it autonomous rights.

Strong objections have already been expressed in Rumania to any further territorial concessions which would be calculated to precipitate the demand that such minorities should be repatriated. —Reuter.

## STOP PRESS

### ROOSEVELT STILL SILENT

CHICAGO, July 16.

Miss Frances Perkins, Secretary for Labour, openly forecast Mr. Roosevelts' nomination for a third term as president in a speech at the second day of the Democratic Convention. Mr. Roosevelt, however, is still maintaining sphinxlike silence about his plans.—Reuter.

### WINDSORS BOOK THEIR PASSAGE

LISBON, July 16.

The Duke and Duchess of Windsor have booked their passages by a clipper to New York and are expected to fly from New York to the Bahamas by a special plane immediately on arrival. Their passports have been visaed by the American Consulate, but no definite date has been fixed for their departure but it is reported that they will leave this week.—Reuter.

### POGROM IN SHANGHAI

SHANGHAI, July 16.

Terrorists bombed the offices of the American owned newspaper "Shunpao". Nineteen persons were injured. Several suspects have been arrested. A number of prominent Shanghai Chinese residing in foreign areas have been placed on the black list by Nan-King.

## Subhas To Be Detained Indefinitely?

*CALCUTTA, July 16.*

***It is understood that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose who was arrested under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules on the second July will be detained for a further period, and is unlikely to be released until a settlement of the Holwell Monument agitation is reached.—United Press.***

*(For Arrests Under Defence Of India Rules, See Page 8)*

*LABOUR OPPOSITION TO*

## EMERGENCY POWERS BILL NO. 2

LONDON: July 16.

INTRODUCING THE EMERGENCY POWERS DEFENCE (NUMBER TWO) BILL, THE HOME SECRETARY AND MINISTER OF HOME SECURITY, SIR JOHN ANDERSON, SAID, IT WAS GOVERNMENT'S OBJECT TO AVOID ESTABLISHING ANYTHING IN THE NATURE OF MILITARY COURTS. GOVERNMENT WANTED TO ESTABLISH SPECIAL COURTS WHICH WOULD OPERATE ONLY WHERE, OWING TO MILITARY DEVELOPMENTS, ORDINARY MACHINERY OF JUSTICE COULD NO LONGER MEET OR FULLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CASE.

THEY WOULD OPERATE ONLY SO LONG AS THE EMERGENCY CONTINUED.

"The sort of case we have in mind is where after an attempted invasion by sea or air or possibly a severe air attack, a state of things prevails, in which as a part of the process of re-establishing normal conditions, it is necessary to have courts in operation which can deal with grave offences far more speedily than would be possible under the normal course of justice. Suitable men of judicial rank or qualified to exercise high judicial office will be selected and assigned to act as Presidents of special war zone courts. They will be empowered to deal with offences of all kinds, but it is contemplated that in practice, they will only deal with more serious offences which are of importance from the military point of view.

HORE BELISHA CRITICISES

There was considerable interruption by Mr. Hore Belisha and several Labour members who generally contended that details which Sir John Anderson was explaining ought to be in the Bill laid before the members. Sir John Anderson replied that there was very great urgency in the matter. There was a great deal to be said for preserving the element of flexibility which was secured by dealing with the matter by regulation.

NO JURY, NO APPEAL

There would be no jury and no appeal from the decision of a court which would be empowered to impose any sentence authorised by law, including the death penalty for any offence for which the law authorised capital punishment. Sir John Anderson further mentioned that if extensive looting should take place, or if there should be apprehension of extensive looting in war zone area, it would obviously be necessary to inflict the most drastic penalties.

It was proposed—not under the Bill—to provide for a new defence regulation that in such a situation of acute emergency the courts should be empowered to impose the death penalty for looting. It was also proposed to provide by a defence regulation for drastic penalty, including the death penalty if necessary, for an offence known in military language as forcing a safeguard, namely, forcing one's way past a military post or overpowering a sentry.

Circumstances might arise in which it would be necessary to close certain roads or certain places to civilians, and a grave view must be taken of any attempt by anyone to disregard such restrictions and force his way past a military guard.

Generally speaking, as apart from such special cases mentioned, it was believed that the existing law as already supplemented by emergency legislation, would be sufficient for dealing with all such offences.

The ordinary criminal law had been supplemented by the Treachery Act imposing the death penalty for acts of espionage or sabotage committed with the intent to assist the enemy and by numerous provisions in the defence regulations relating to signalling, communicating with enemy agents, spreading false reports.

Detailed provisions for the establishment of courts would be made by Defence Regulations to be laid before Parliament, and members would then have the opportunity of examining the scheme in detail. He re-emphasised that there was no intention of setting up these special courts until a critical situation arose calling for that special means of dealing swiftly with offences by civilians.

Replying to questions, Sir John Anderson said that the decision whether the military situation was such as to require the institution of special courts would be taken by civilian authority, presumably the Home Secretary.

ANDERSON OFFERS TO GIVE UNDERTAKING

In the course of the debate in which Mr. Leesmith (Labour) and Kingsley Griffith (Liberal) contended that the Bill was far too vague to be accepted in the present form, Mr. Hore Belisha said that the Home Secretary had introduced the Bill as a measure to protect civilians from harsh military procedure. The Bill did exactly the reverse. If the measure was allowed to pass through the House in the present form, they would be handing over to the executive the most extreme powers without any of the safeguards mentioned. After further criticism from a Labour member, Sir John Anderson said that he was willing to give an undertaking that words would be introduced into the Bill making it "clear that the kind of court set up under it must be a civilian court."

## Soviet Protest To Rumania

### Alleges Maltreatment Of Persons Travelling To Bessarabia

**BUCHAREST, July 16.**

**The Soviet Government has lodged a strong protest with the Rumanian Ambassador in Moscow and with the Rumanian Government against the alleged maltreatment of persons travelling from Rumania to Bessarabia.—Reuter.**

## Italian Drive Towards Sudan

### QUESTION IN COMMONS

### Capture Of Border Posts Of No Strategic Value, Say London Circles

LONDON, July 16.

In the House of Commons, asked for a statement on the progress of war in Libya, Ethiopia and Somaliland, Mr. Eden said that all that could be disclosed regarding those operations had already been published in the "communique" issued.

Mr. Wedgwood (Independent): —"Is the War Minister completely satisfied with what has happened"?

Mr. Eden:—"I can say that Government have the most complete confidence in General Wavell and those serving under him.

### *GUERILLA PLAN, NOT SURRENDER*

The Italian attack at Moyale may be with the object of maintaining her prestige in Ethiopia, writes "Reuter's" Military Correspondent. It was in this region a few weeks ago that the King's African Rifles raided at various points on the border and caused much unsettlement amongst Abyssinian conscripts. The withdrawal may, therefore, be regarded more as a part of Guerilla plan which will continue, than as any serious surrender of territory.

### *NO SERIOUS OPERATIONS*

Authoritative circles in London point out that the long list of place names mentioned in today's Italian High Command "communique" seem to have been included chiefly in order to impress Italian home opinion, for all belong to isolated groups of mudhuts which are entirely without military importance. In any case their capture is not confirmed.

Further, say these circles, the Italian claim to have cut off the Kenya Salient is absolutely untrue and attention is again drawn to the fact that all these actions are on a very small scale and more in the nature of reconnaissance raids than serious operations.

### *ON SUDAN BORDER*

Military circles in London consider that expenditure by Italians in recent weeks of considerable efforts to capture Kassala, Gallabas and Kurmuk on the Sudan border, which have been done at a cost of heavy casualties may be explained by the desire to have what they may regard of jumping off places for further operations in the Sudan when the rains have ceased.

These places were not, in British view, of any strategic importance and it was not considered worth holding them beyond a certain time. Therefore, when Italians attacked in greatly superior numbers, the Sudan defence force withdrew after taking heavy toll of the enemy.

In the first few weeks after Italy entered the war the Sudan defence force launched raids across the frontier and discovered that the Italian native troops had no stomach for the fight. In these raids the British forces were assisted by Abyssinians, who had come over. Italians have also tried dropping leaflets but they have no effect at all on the morale of the Sudanese troops.—B. O. W.

### *British Supplementary Budget*

LONDON, July 16.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Attlee announced that the Chancellor of the Exchequer would open his supplementary budget on Tuesday next.

## Nazi Menace To British Shipping

### SEQUEL TO OCCUPATION OF FRENCH COAST

## Abyssinia Flares Up At Approach Of Haile Selassie

CAIRO, July 16.

**The state of restlessness among Abyssinian tribes in the Lowlands is reported to be increasing as a result of information having been received that Haile Selassie is at present in the vicinity of the Red Sea.**

**Five enemy bombers were destroyed by fighters of the British Fleet in the Mediterranean on July 9 and at least fifteen others were shot down by the Fleet anti-aircraft guns, states a naval communique relating to the action against the Italian fleet off Calabria.**

## Br. Shipping Losses

LONDON, July 16.

The Admiralty announces that during the week ending midnight of July 5, twenty-two British, Allied and neutral ships were lost of a total tonnage of 114,000 of which thirteen were British, three Allied and six neutral. With more violent and more frequent air attacks and greater submarine activity the losses are considerably greater than in the previous week. It is pointed out that losses in shipping come in waves and depend mainly upon the number of submarines operating and the intensity and frequency of air attacks. With Germany occupying the French coast such attacks are likely to increase.—Reuter.

### *'GUIDO' SAFE AT FREETOWN*

LONDON, July 16.

News was received in London to-day that the British merchantship "Guido" (3921 tons) had arrived safely at Freetown in Serra Leone. About a fortnight ago it was reported that the "Guido" had been attacked by a U-Boat in the Atlantic.—Reuter.

### *5 Officers Missing Following Loss Of Submarine*

**LONDON, July 15.**

**The names of five officers missing following the loss of the submarine "Grampus", announced by the Admiralty included Lieutenant Commander C. A. Rowe (in command).—Reuter.**

### *IF BRITAIN HOLDS OUT FOR 3 MONTHS*

NEW YORK, July 16.

"Three months' endurance might well see England past the crisis," says a writer in the Wall Street Journal. "That is the meaning of Mr. Churchill's summary of her readiness now as she was not a month ago to meet whatever is to come and it is a very imposing aggregate defensive strength he has listed. In weighing England's chances of beating off an invasion there is a favourable circumstance not specifically included in Mr. Churchill's summary. Her armies shot inside the lines, whereas the Nazi war machine is now dispersed over Central Europe, Norway, Denmark, Low Countries and two-thirds of conquered France."—Reuter.

### *EIRE PREPARES*

### *Parachutist Scare Among Villagers*

LONDON, July 16.

More talk about wards heard in one day in Dublin than in a week in London, telegraphs Reuter's special correspondent in Ireland. Every phase and every possibility is debated and the absence of calm assurance, which is to be found in Britain, is striking. A great majority of the people in Ireland are hoping and praying for a British victory. Eire is determined to resist an invader, and Germany is uppermost in mind when an invasion is spoken of. In one little village near Limerick, on hearing a rumour that the Germans had landed in the North, villagers cut down trees and erected formidable barricades across the road. They were only just stopped from blowing up a bridge on the main road. Preparations for the country's defence are being pushed on as rapidly as possible, but there is no sign of any co-operation with the North or with Britain. Public opinion in Eire is that she will not enter the war as a price to be paid for unity. Unity is regarded as a matter of justice which will in any case come eventually. Overtures hitherto made from the North are not taken seriously, since they proposed that all constitutional questions which include unity in the country should be shelved until the end of the war.

If the Eire is reluctant to enter the war at the present stage, the fact is generally realised that the Eire's fate is bound up with that of Britain, but the Irish view is that a neutral Ireland, united and enthusiastic in the defence of neutrality, is more to the advantage of Britain than a belligerent Ireland weakened by internal divisions, which might be an easier prey to invasion.—Reuter.

### *BRITAIN CHARGES SWEDEN*

**LONDON, July 16.**

**In the House of Commons Mr. Butler said that the British Government had informed the Swedish Government that they took a grave view of the decision to allow German troops to cross the Swedish territory and "cannot but regard the Swedish Government's action as a serious breach of neutrality."**

### *GERMANY FEELS THE PINCH*

ISTANBUL, July 16.

Germany is facing a serious shortage of lubricating oils necessary for her war machines, especially aircraft, according to a highly placed British oil expert, who has arrived here from Rumania.

Rumania had not enough lubricating oil for her own requirements, and therefore, she was unable to send Germany any.

# Our Tabulated Adlets

**1 Anna Per Word**
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**CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these** Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

**SPECIAL REDUCTION** in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

**STILL ONE MORE FACILITY** is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

**ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

**BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct** insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

### 42. SITUATIONS VACANT

**Wanted 18 Graduates, 9 Doctors,** 7 Engineers, 5 Lawyers and 4 Clerks to apply to No. 13438, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted:—Matriculates for Station** Master course. Scholarship Rs. 30/-, free quarter and rail fare terms. Apply with Re. 0-1-6 stamps to:—The Superintendent, Railway Training School, (Oldest and Best), Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (13431)

**Wanted one lady professor on Rs.** 100—10—150 p.m. only with free quarters to teach Philosophy. Only M.A.'s need apply. Applications should reach the undersigned by the 25th July, 1940. S. Srivastava, Lady Member incharge, Girls Education, Municipal Board, Cawnpore. (2975)

**(1) Wanted a Typist, (2) Talented** Singers and Dancers of Either Sex. Apply personally 8 to 12 a.m. with close ups at Sharma Agency, Film Employment Bureau, Assur Virji Building, 1st floor (Near Central Camera Co.) Hornby Road, Bombay. (13434)

### 62. TO BE LET

**At "Dreamland" near Roxy Cinema,** New Queen's Road, Commodious Blocks for Residence, Doctor's Consulting Room shop etc. Apply Liftman. (13416)

### 141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

**College of Dentistry—Intensely** practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Sessions begins 15th July. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Hospital Road, Karachi (2577)

### 211. HOMOEOPATHY

**Learn Homoeopathy or Bio**chemistry at home. Prospectus: H. P. Institute, (Dept 3.) 12A, Chakrabere Road, North Calcutta. (13379)

### MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

**People wishing to learn motor**-driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13418, "Bombay Chronicle." (13405)

## Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE INDIAN BANK LIMITED, BOMBAY.

**CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NO.**

On and from 16th July, 1940, the Telephone Number will be CHANGED to

**"30874" (2 Lines)**

2972

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE GENERAL MANAGER, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of 15 XT|1 type Locomotives. The prescribed form of the above tender can be obtained from the Railway's Controller of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel ,Bombay 13, at Rs. 5|- per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 15th January 1941 at 3 P.M. (S. T.).

A complete duplicate of the tender should also be delivered to the Director-General, India Store Department, London, on or before the same date. (2925)

NOTICE.

IN ORDER to comply with the altered Clearing Hours of the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House, our Business Hours with effect from 22nd July, 1940 will be as under:

ON WEEK DAYS
From 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.

ON SATURDAYS
From 10-30 A.M. to 1-30 P.M.

**Allahabad Bank, Limited,**
**Bank of Baroda, Limited,**
**Bank of India, Limited,**
**Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Limited,**
**Central Bank of India, Limited,**
**Indian Bank, Limited,**
**Union Bank of India, Ltd.**

2968

### 102. MACHINERY FOR SALE

**Sale.—One Ice Plant of 43 tons** complete with Boiler Steam Engine and Building excluding land is for sale at Rutlam. For further particulars please refer to the Oriental Trading Coy. Bazar Charat Singh, Jullundur City. (13412)

### 327. AGENTS WANTED

**Wanted Travelling Agents To** canvass orders for our Hand Bags, Silk and Cotton Carpets. Liberal commission. For terms apply to: Pioneer Carpet Works, Bhavani. (Via) Erode, S. India. (13440)

### 141. PARTNERSHIP WANTED

**Advertiser, desirous of producing** high class talkies and willing to invest own capital, wants influential financier-partner. Principals may apply, Box No. 13429, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 245. ASTROLOGERS.

**If you are Worried or desire** Success, Consult Prof. Nazir. God gifted and world renowned Spiritualist, Palmist and Astrologer at Bombay Mutual Building, Room 56, **Hornby Road, Bombay.** (13405)

## Public Notices

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

APPOINTMENT OF LABORATORY ASSISTANTS

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for two posts of Laboratory Assistants in the grade of Rs. 40-2½-45 for a period of three years. The minimum qualifications of the applicants should be (1) study up to the Matriculation class and (2) previous experience as laboratory assistant in a physics or chemistry laboratory. Applications should reach the undersigned on or before the 25th July, 1940.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
Registrar,
University of Bombay.

2983

**THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD.**

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of policy No. 57276 on the life of Mangesh B. Ralkar a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

J. M. CORDEIRO,
Secretary.

Bombay Mutual Bldg.,
Fort, Bombay.
Date: 17-7-40.

(2985)

## Legal Notices

NOTICE

TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN, please note that my client Mr. C. SRINIVASARAO, son of C. Ramapayya of Chitrapur Village, Panambur Magane, Mangalore, Taluk, South Kanara, desires to settle the claims of his few creditors. They may send me the particulars of the amounts due with copies of documents in support of their monetary or other claims at an early date.

S. NARAYANAIAH, B.A. LL.B.,
Advocate & Crown Pleader,
Plot No. 11, Carnegy Lines,
Bombay No. 1.
Bombay Dated 10-7-1940.

2984

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. RAMNARAIN SONS, LTD., have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property being and forming part of the property known as Shanti Bhuvan, situate at Cumballa Hill on the West side of Peddar Road in Bombay.

ALL persons having any interest or claim, of whatsoever kind or nature, in or to the said property or any part thereof are therefore hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned Attorneys for the Purchaser at their Office in Mercantile Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. In default, the sale will be completed on the expiration of the said period and all interest and claims, if any, in or to, the said property of which no notice shall have been so received will be considered as relinquished and waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground with the bungalow, messuage and tenement standing thereon being and forming part of the property known as "Shanti Bhuvan," situate at Cumballa Hill on the West side of Peddar Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2502 square yards or thereabouts and bounded, on the North by the property of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., on the East by Peddar Road, on the South by a Road 11 feet wide and beyond that by the property of the Vendors and on the West partly by the property of the Vendors and partly by the property formerly belonging to His Highness the Maharaja of Indore and now to His Highness the Maharaja of Bhavnagar bearing Collector's Old No. 89, New No. 3|785, Old Survey No. 81, New Survey No. IC|7121 and being part of Cadastral Survey No. 679 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward Nos. 3486 and 3487, Street Nos. 42, 44 and 46.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1940.
PAYNE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(2981)

## Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SAVAILAL PARMANAND of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, as claiming absolutely under a Deed of Settlement, dated the 14th February, 1931, made between Mulji Vallabhji of the one part and the said Mulji Vallabhji and Parmanand Vallabhji of the other part and with the consent and concurrence of the said Mulji Vallabhji and Parmanand Vallabhji has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE

All that leasehold piece or parcel of land together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house and other erections situate, lying and being at Shankershet Road and Sleater Road, Grant Road, the site whereon forms a portion of the Oart called Anjirbagh which is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7049 and which said premises contain by admeasurement one hundred and ninety-one square yards or thereabouts and are situate at Bombay, within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded, on the East by the property of Shamrao Manekji Rele, on or towards the West and North by a public passage and on or towards the South by the property of Dinbai and which premises are assessed by the Municipality under 'D' Ward No. 3688(2B) and formerly Street No. 7B and present Street No. 15 and Cadastral Survey No. 7 of Tardeo Division.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1940.

NAGINDAS HOOSEINALLY & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(2977)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION

210877 of 13-7-40 — 8892 of 12-7-40

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of MANALAL HARICHAND alias NANALAL HARICHAND SHAH alias NANCHAND HARICHAND SHAH alias NANCHAND H. VAKIL late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a married man, living on the income of his property ..... Deceased.

MANIBAI, widow of Nanalal Harichand, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, living on the income of her property, residing at Mulji Jetha Building, Ganeshwadi, Shaik Memon Street, without the Fort of Bombay .... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 12th day of July in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty and in the fourth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 12th day of July, 1940.
Messrs. MULLA & MULLA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
(2980)

**BANDRA TALKIES**
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
From July 17th to 19th.
Minerva Presents
SOHRAB MODI—NASEEM
IN
**KHAN BAHADUR**

## Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HIMATLAL NAROTTAMDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 78, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure situate, lying and being at UNDERIA STREET within the Town and Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 74 SQUARE YARDS or thereabouts registered by the Collector of land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1354, New No 8514, Old Survey No. 2486, New Survey No. 3956, Cadastral Survey No. 1122 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward No. 294, Street No. 41 (formerly No. 135) and bounded on the EAST partly by the property of Hassan Mahomed and partly by the Musjid; on the WEST by the said Underia Street; on the NORTH by the property of Mahomed Ebrahim bin Mahomed Ali Moosa and on the SOUTH by the property of Ali Saheb Morak.

Bombay, dated this 16th day of July, 1940.

CHOKSEY & Co.,
Purchasers Attorneys.
(2936)

## Auction Sales

**GANDHI & CO..**
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY), the 17th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.) at their Rooms No. 72, Medows Street, Fort by order of Messrs. Desai & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Narandas Aidan & Co. and on account and at the risk of Bai Gool H. R. Mahervaid, the Mortgagor.

One Diamond Necklace with two emeralds, one diamond ring, one Pair ear-rings, one Pair Pearl Bangles, one Pearl Necklace with diamond Pendant.

Terms:—25 per cent. Deposit.

**BENNETT & CO.**

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS AT KHAR (BANDRA).

Under instructions from Messrs. Motichand and Devidas Solicitors for Mr. Bilasrai Joharmal and another mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Francis S. Gigool and others mortgagors and pursuant to the power of Sale reserved to the Mortgagees, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by public auction on SUNDAY, the 21st July, 1940, at 4-0 p. m. (S.T.) on the premises the undermentioned.

All those pieces of land together with the structures standing thereon admeasuring respectively about one acre and 22 3|4 gunthas and 122 and 786 square yards situate at Khar (Bandra) in the Bombay Suburban District and bearing Survey Nos. 212|13|14|15 and N.A. 9.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, Solicitors or the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co

**An Illuminating Chapter in the History of Humanity**
**DNYANESHWAR**
PRABHAT'S
Film-Biography
9th WEEK AT
**CENTRAL**
Marathi: 4, 7 p.m.
Hindi 9-45 p.m.

# AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

## High Court

### Sentence Reduced In Appeal

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia.)

This was an appeal from the conviction and sentence passed by the Sessions Judge of Bijapur on one Tatyasaheb of Honyal.

Tatyasaheb was the 25-year-old son of an Inamdar by his Muslim mistress. Babasaheb was his elder step-brother and a wealthy and influential landowner who had frequent disputes with his tenants. One of such tenants was the deceased Somaraya. On 25th October 1938 a quarrel started as a result of the impounding of a buffaloe belonging to Somaraya by one of the servants of Babasaheb. The quarrel assumed more violent proportions on the following day when several persons joined the fight on either side. In the course of this fight Somaraya was shot dead,—according to one version by Tatyasaheb, and according to another version by Babasaheb. Both of them were tried before the Sessions Judge of Bijapur for the murder of Somaraya, but the judge found Babasaheb not guilty and acquitted him. He, however, found Tatyasaheb guilty of the offence of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and sentenced him to undergo rigorous imprisonment for 7 years. Against this conviction and sentence Tatyasaheb preferred the present appeal to the High Court.

The accused raised a plea of self-defence and alleged that when Somaraya and his men attacked him, he was forced to shoot in self-defence.

The Sessions Judge had observed that there were glaring discrepancies in the evidence in the case and that the prosecution witnesses had denied having at all made the statements on record to the police.

Their Lordships found that the accused Tatyasaheb had exceeded his right of self-defence and agreed with the finding of the trial judge holding the accused guilty of culpable homicide. Their lordships, however, reduced the sentence from that of 7 years' rigorous imprisonment to one of 2 years' rigorous imprisonment.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar with Mr. K. R. Bengeri appeared for the accused.

The Government pleader, Mr. R. A. Jaghirdar, appeared for the prosecution.

### MURDERED BEHIND LOCKED DOORS.

At the resumed inquest on the body of Kasturibai T. B. Kantharia (62), wife of a Geologist and Mining expert and a resident of Matunga, who was fatally stabbed by some unknown person or persons on June 14, the Coroner's Jury recorded a verdict of death by fracture of the base of skull and haemorrhage in brain due to a murderous attack committed on her by means of some blunt-edged weapon by some person or persons not yet traced.

T. B. Kantharia (deceased's husband) deposed at the inquest that on June 14 at midnight he found his wife lying dead in her room the doors of which were locked from inside.

He further added that he had no enemies, but he had suspicion about his nephew as he (nephew) had ill-feelings towards her.

He remarked that his nephew moved in bad company, therefore he (witness) turned him out of the house about five years ago. But his wife (deceased) saw him five days prior to her death, loitering about on the opposite side of the footpath of their building.

The police efforts to trace him have so far failed.

**Loss Of Insured Packet.**

Syed Ebrahim Syed Noor, attached to the Girgaum Post Office, was arrested by the City Police in connection with the theft of an insured registered packet from the Post Office yesterday.

Pending inquiries the Magistrate ordered the scspect to be released on bail.

### Alleged Outraging Of A Woman's Modesty

The story of how a Parsi lady dentist and her sister were persistently harassed was narrated before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, to-day, when Pestonji D. Billimoria stood charged with house trespass and outraging the modesty of Miss Khorshed Jehangirji Jilla, a Dentist.

It was stated that the accused had been pestering the complainant and slandering her as well as her sister for the last two years.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail.

### Death Due To Accidental Drowning

At the inquest on the body of Alexander Gordon (44), a seaman on the s. s. "British Yeoman" whose body was found floating in the sea at Prince's Dock on Monday, the Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by asphyxiation due to accidental drowning in the sea while proceeding from the 'F' Shed towards the Jetty Shed after midnight when the precincts of the Dock had been darkened.

The Jury added a rider to the verdict that they would advise the Port Trust Authorities to put up a barrier from the north end corner of the 'F' Shed to the Caison Bridge (the lock gate) so as to ensure public safety during the period of the blackout restrictions.

### Money-Lender Gets Two Months' R. I.

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, July 15.

Ramchandra Krishna Kuturnbate, an ex-copyist from the Bhiwandi Sub-Judge's Court and a money-lender, was to-day, on his own admission of guilt, convicted by Mr. P. N. Moos, Sessions Judge, Thana of the offences of forgery and fabrication of evidence and was sentenced to suffer two months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 50.

**ALLEGED KIDNAPPING.**

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A story of a nine year old girl's kidnapping case was narrated before Mr. J. M. Barrot, Presidency Magistrate yesterday at Mazagaon Court, when the Pydhonie police asked for the remand of Abdul Rehman Alli.

**The accused was bailed out**


**Who pays the WAGES of SIN while the sinner escapes?**

**India Artists' Great Screenplay**
**BAHURANI**
**Answers this pertinent question**
★ KISHORE SAHU
★ ANURADHA
★ ROSE
**"A mirror of Indian Social Life"**
**—Bombay Chronicle**
Daily 4-30, 7-15, 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun., & Holidays
Matinee, at 1-45 P.M.
**Now in the 4th Flourishing WEEK**
**MINERVA**

**SEE and HEAR!**
A Romance on
The Wings of Music
Associated Productions Ltds
**"ANDHI"**
(THE TEMPEST)
Starring:—P. MULLICK
MOLINA, K. C. DEY
**Third Great Week at**
**KRISHNA**
Time:—4-45, 7-15, & 10 p.m.

**A MAN'S TRIBUTE TO WOMAN'S GLORY!**
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
**"WOMAN"**
Starring:
SURENDRA. SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
TODAY AT
**PATHE**
3-30 6-30 & 10-0 p. m.


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# ON THE AIR

## WEDNESDAY, JULY 17.

### Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 The A I R Trio: Prabhat. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 Manhar G. Barwe. 8-35 Shankerrao: Violin solo. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Abdulla. 9-10 The Bombay Radio Orchestra: Jogia. 9-20 Melodies from the movies. 12-30 p.m. Chitrapat-ki-Madhuria. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 .....Ramanie Tatra Devtah: Programme for women in Gujarati. 1-10 Three Bhavgeets. 1-20 Mutual Understanding: Daily lesson in English and Hindustani. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch hour music. School Broadcasts. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 Motayache Peek: Story. 4-35 Marathi Bhavgeets. 4-45 Geography: Rubber, 1: Talk. 5 M. S. Kanetkar. 5-20 Afaq: Purvi on Sitar. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Songs from Gopai Krishna. 5-45 Abdulla. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Dattoba Tawde. 6-25 Flute and Clarionet. 6-35 Manhar G. Barwe. 6-55 Sarhadi Naghma played on Sarinda. 7 Kab aur Kaise? 2: Pan-chewing: Talk in Hindustani. 7-15 G. M. Durrani. 7-30 A Mixed Bag. 7-45 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Matters of Moment. relayed from B B C. 8-45 Sohini on Jaltarang. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 Abdulla. 10 Sumati Daru and Party. 10-15 M. S. Kanetkar. 8-15 A Sarod recital. 8-25 to 8-30 As in Bombay 1. 8-30 Dattoba Tawde: Bageshri. 8-45 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Manhar G. Barwe. 9-20 Sumati Daru and Party. 9-30 Julia Wortmann: Soprano. 9-40 Gretel Sommer: Violin. 9-50 Leo D'Souza: Tenor. 10 Egidio Verga: Violoncello.

### Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Classical duets: Sitar and Sarangi. 5-30 Hasrat ki Ghazalen. 6-15 A Jaltarang recital. 6-25 Ramzan Khan. 6-45 Afzal Husain of Jaipur. 7 What Makes Them Laugh, 2: Talk in Hindustani. 7-15 P. D. Saptarishi: Violin recital. 7-25 Benazir Bai. 7-45 Tuberculosis in India, 2: Talk. 8 Master Madan. 8-15 For Villagers only. 10 It has happened or Adana on Clarionet. 10-5 Chand Khan. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

### Delhi II—Programme

50.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Benazir Bai. 8-30 Matters of Moment: Talk recorded from B B C. 8-45 Master Madan. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Khayal, Thumri aur Ghazal. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Raihana: Play in Hindustani.

### Delhi—III Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

5-50 to 7 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-25 to 8-42 Indian music. 9 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1. 10-30 Thumri. Dadra aur Geet.

### Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the countryside. 5-50 Pramilan Bal: Bhajans. 6-5 Kshitish Das Gupta. 6-20 Amiya Roy. 6-40 Mushtaq Ali Khan: Sitar solo. 6-55 Binoy Goswami. 7-10 Geeta Mittra. 7-30 Mushtaq Ali Khan: Khamaj on Sitar. 7-45 Binoy Goswami. 8 Sanghar: Feature programme paints a lurid picture of devastation caused by the forces of Evil. 8-20 Pankaj Kumar Mallick. 9 I Believe in Democracy. 10 Firm favourites.

### Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 9-40 Anima Das Gupta. 10 to 10-30 As in Calcutta 1.

### RAILWAY TIME TABLE

#### G. I. P. Railway

| | Arr. H.M. | Dep. H.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki) | 9-35 | 20-15 |
| Madras Mail | 6-00 | 22-00 |
| Peshawar-Lucknow (Express) | 6-15 | 22-45 |
| Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) | 9-05 | 18-05 |
| Madras Express | 10-15 | 14-30 |
| Poona Mail | 10-30 | 17-30 |
| Punjab Mail | 12-30 | 17-40 |
| Nagpur Express | 15-50 | 21-00 |
| Poona Fast Passenger | 16-50 | 11-50 |
| Poona Express | 19-32 | 8-05 |

#### B. B. and C. I. Railway

| | Arr. H.M. | Dep. H.M. |
|---|---|---|
| Ahmedabad Passenger | 5-35 | 13-50 |
| Delhi Express | 6-00 | 22-15 |
| Kathiawar Mail | 6-45 | 21-30 |
| Gujarat Mail | 7-25 | 22-00 |
| Frontier Mail | 8-15 | 21-15 |
| | (*Mon.) | (Sat.) |
| The Flying Ranee Surat | 9-48 | 15-10 |
| The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday) | 10-58 | |
| The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday) | | 18-05 |
| Ahmedabad Passenger | 14-15 | 22-30 |
| Kathiawar Express | 18-45 | 8-45 |
| Baroda Passenger | 20 37 | 9-00 |

*If Monday is a Bank holiday this train


WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump Out of Bed Full of Vim and Vigour.

Your liver should pour out two pints of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those famous Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pints of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely. Look for the name Carter's Little Liver Pills on the red package. Refuse anything else. Price: As. 10.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

The Liability of Members being limited.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda. (Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897).

Authorised Capital ..... Rs. 2,40,00,000
Issued & subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,20,00,000
Paid up Capital ..... Rs. 48,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 55,00,000

Head Office:—BARODA

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Surat, Navsari, Karjan, Dabhoi, Mehsana, Patan, Petlad, Port Okha, Kalol, Radi, Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli, Dwarka, Harij (N. G.), Visnagar (N. G.), Bhadra—Ahmedabad, Ranchkuva—Ahmedabad, Kapadwanj, Dakhora, Sankheda and Vyara.

LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.

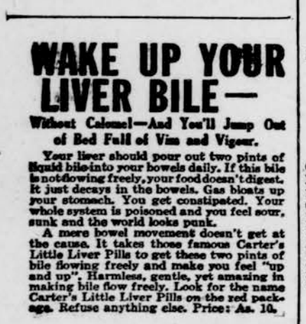
Current Accounts:—Fixed, Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities.

Safe Deposit Vault at Baroda Lockers of different sizes available. Rates on application.

W. G. GROENEVELDT, General Manager.



PROTECT YOUR TEETH USE RODOFEN

DISSOLVES DIRT, INVIGORATES THE GUMS, DISINFECTS THE MOUTH AND SWEETENS THE BREATH.

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.

BENGAL CHEMICAL CALCUTTA—BOMBAY.

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street, Bombay, 2.


### READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Fine | 146-47 |
| G. P. 1 | 179-82 |
| G. P. 2 | 173-75 |
| Broach | 172-74 |
| [illegible] | 168-69 |
| [illegible] | 168-69 |
| [illegible] | 168-69 |
| [illegible] | 179-85 |

### COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, July 16

| | Extra Spnne | Sup | Fine | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M G Bengal U P | | 151 | 148 | 145 | 142 |
| M G Punjab | | 151 | 148 | 145 | 142 |
| M G Rajputana | | 158 | 155 | 152 | 149 |
| M G Oomra No 3 | 129 | 177 | 174 | 171 | |
| M G C P No. 1 | 192 | 189 | 186 | 183 | |
| M G C P No. 2 | 284 | 182 | 179 | 176 | |
| M G Broach A/M | | 198 | 195 | 192 | 189 |
| M G Punjab-American | | 220 | 218 | 216 | 213 |
| M G Surat | | 243 | 241 | 239 | 236 |
| M G Rajpipla | | 237 | 235 | 233 | 230 |
| M G Navsari | | 248 | 246 | 244 | 241 |

### INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, July 16

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales

| | 2 days | This year | Since 1st Sept Last year |
|---|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | | 55,579 | 38,695 |
| Central India | | 109,361 | 224,268 |
| Barsi and Nagar | | 114,118 | 92,566 |
| Hyderabad/Gaorani | | 47,970 | 4,474 |
| Berar | 102 | 318,603 | 162,597 |
| Central Provinces | | 76,962 | 38,096 |
| Total Oomras | 102 | 722,593 | 560,696 |
| Dholleras | | 89,297 | 276,728 |
| N. W. Provinces | | 26,048 | 9,201 |
| Rajputana | | 35,228 | 76,276 |
| Sind-Punjab | 2,552 | 366,635 | 328,312 |
| Broach | | 407,930 | 414,469 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | | 49,577 | 146,943 |
| Westerns-Northerns | 317 | 35,245 | 94,301 |
| Cocoanada | | 86 | 98 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | | 1,390 | 2,637 |
| Total | 2,971 | 1,734,029 | 1,909,661 |
| Arrived by road to 11th July 1940 | | 339,387 | |

### BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, July 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Yellow metal sheets | Rs. 56 0 0 |
| Copper sheets | Rs. 69 0 0 |

Tone:—Steady

### GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, July 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Castorseeds September— | |
| Opening | Rs. 39 0 0 |
| Highest | 39 0 0 |
| Lowest | 38 8 0 |
| Closing | 38 10 0 |
| Groundnut August— | |
| Opening | 31 2 0 |
| Highest | 31 2 0 |
| Lowest | 30 8 6 |
| Closing | 30 12 6 |
| Cottonseeds September— | |
| Opening | 26 0 6 |
| Highest | 226 11 9 |
| Lowest | 26 0 0 |
| Closing | 26 11 6 |

# Recommendation For Higher Cotton Loan

## N. Y. COTTON MARKET QUIET PENDING POLITICAL HAPPENINGS

### Reports Of Crop Damage

Bombay, July 16

On Monday, the New York cotton market was quiet pending political happenings but later on there was improved buying on reports of damage to the growing cotton crop. It was reported that A.A.A. has recommended for a higher loan on the American cotton crop. The attention of the market was drawn to this report but buying was moderate. The market was narrow and scattered hedging was absorbed by trade buying.

It may be noted the market is hesitating to go over 9.50 level as generally this level is expected to be the basis for Government loan. The export trade has fallen off considerably and during the period of heavy arrivals most of the cotton will find its destination in loan stocks. However it is believed that Defence activity will spread to the textile industry and American Mills will be able to consume more cotton.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady. There was hedge selling and moderate southern selling which met small local support on reports of damage to the Central Belt crop. Later on there was absence of selling and under price fixing the market ruled steady.

At the opening October was quoted 2 points down at 9.41 and prices declined to 9.37 which was the lowest level. Later on there was improved buying and October advanced to 9.45 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net decline of 2 points to a rise of 3 points Spot cotton prices improved 2 points at 10.50c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also fairly steady with improved buying for distant months. The session closed at a rise of 3 points to a decline of 3 points. Spot cotton was unchanged at 10.50c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of one point with October 7.25. The market was narrow. There was covering in July. There was straddle selling on sharp rise in free sterling at 3.86. The market closed at a rise of 3 to 1 point. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 8.03d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton was quietly steady. Uppers futures closed unchanged to 3 points up and Giza futures gained 3 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (2-59 p.m.) ..... 9.45+02
New York October lowest (10-15 a.m.) ..... 9.37—06
Liverpool October highest ..... 7.30+06
Liverpool October lowest ..... 7.24

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from the New York Cotton Exchange Service:

Domestic business still rising. Commodities unchanged. Cloth sales below output. Stagnation cotton exports comparable beginning world war. Brazilian prices continue very low relative American. Market awaiting loan.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market very small. Light trade buying offsetting hedges.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, July 15

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 9.72—02 |
| Middling Spot | 10.50+02 |

NEW CONTRACT

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 10.04 |
| October | 9.45+02 |
| December | 9.32+02 |
| January | 9.22+02 |
| March | 9.12+03 |
| May | 8.94+03 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, July 15

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 9.75—03 |
| Middling Spot | 10.50 |

NEW CONTRACT

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 9.79 |
| October | 9.47+02 |
| December | 9.34+03 |

NEW YORK
New York, July 15
11 a.m. ranges. Noon call.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| July | 9.70/9.70 | 9.70 |
| October | 9.40/9.41 | 9.40 |
| December | 9.27/9.27 | 9.27 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, July 15

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's receipts at all U S Ports | 6,000 |
| Day's exports to Great Britain | nil |
| Day's exports to the Continent | nil |
| Day's exports to China and Japan | nil |

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, July 15

| | |
|---|---|
| July | 7.57+03 |
| August | 7.45+03 |
| September | 7.34+01 |
| October | 7.26+02 |
| November | 7.13+02 |
| December | 7.03+02 |
| January | 6.98+01 |
| February | 6.93+01 |
| March | 6.89+01 |
| April | 6.84+01 |
| May | 6.80+01 |
| June | 6.75+01 |
| July | 6.71+02 |
| Middling Spot | 8.03+05 |
| | 10 a.m. quotations |
| October | 7.24 |
| January | 6.98 |

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 16

In sympathy with a rise of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 201 for Broach A/M delivery but Mahajan prices opened quiet at Rs. 200/8 but the Pacca market opened firm at Rs. 203 and declined to Rs. 202/8. At this level there was active buying and prices improved to Rs. 205/8. At this level there appeared scattered realising and prices reacted to Rs. 203/8.

As pointed out before the level of Rs. 205/8 proved to be a resisting one and there was more inclination to realise profits but some professionals who are behind the present rise, came out with large buying orders and the resisting level was penetrated and prices advanced to Rs. 208. There was some buying by Dalal Street operators but a prominent operator came out to sell and prices reacted to Rs. 206. There was sustained buying and prices again improved to Rs. 207. The tone of the market was firm. The market steadied at this level.

Later on there was increased selling on reports of resignation of Japanese Cabinet and prices in the local market declined to Rs. 202. Liverpool market opened at a rise of 6 points and in the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 203/8. Later on Liverpool was 8 points up and in the local market Broach was quoted at Rs. 204. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G BROACH:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| July/August | Rs. | 182 4 0 |
| April/May | | 203 8 0 |

FINE M G OOMRA:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| July | | 172 12 0 |
| December/January | | 180 0 0 |

F G M G BENGAL:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| July | | 141 8 0 |
| December/January | | 147 8 0 |

### PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay, July 16

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd).

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Pepper ready Alleppey per candy | Rs. | 81 0 0 |
| Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy | | 82 4 0 |
| Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy | | 86 0 0 |
| Ginger ready bleached per cwt | | 16 0 0 |
| Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt | | 13 8 0 |

### AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

| | 1939-40 | 1938-39 |
|---|---|---|
| F P Bales | | |
| Receipts to date 15-7-40 | 7722000 | 3954000 |
| Receipts yesterday 15-7-40 | 6000 | 12000 |
| Exports to date 15-7-40 | 6344000 | 3503000 |
| Stock at Ports 12-7-40 | 2526000 | 1923000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 12-7-40 | 2030000 | 2460000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 12-7-40 | ..... | 690000 |
| Visible Supply 12-7-40 | ..... | 4857000 |
| Quantity in sight 12-7-40 | 13737000 | 9441000 |
| Quantity out of sight 12-7-40 ..... | | 10219000 |

### TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, July 16

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat September | Rs. 0 6 0 |
| Groundnut Auust | 1 12 0 |
| Castorseed September | 3 12 0 |
| Cottonseed September | 1 8 0 |
| Silver Ashad | 0 9 0 |
| Silver Shrawan | 2 8 0 |
| Gold Ashad | 0 5 0 |
| Gold Shrawan | 1 8 0 |

## Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 16th July 1940. Total amount offered was Rs. 3,85,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-11-9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-11-6 allotted approximately 32 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1-1-4 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 23rd July 1940. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 26th July 1940. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 12th July 1940, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,38,35,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

## GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 16

On Monday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. London New York cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 3.86 3/4 at New York. London Spot silver price advanced 5/16d. at 22 1/16d. and forward quotation was raised 1/4d. at 21 3/4d. There was short covering and business was small. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/4.

London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 58-6-6 and forward parity was Rs. 57-11-6. The local market was fairly steady with moderate buying in silver. All local markets are now recovering and confidence is returned. The tone was steady.

Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready | Rs. 41 12 0 |
| Ashad | 41 13 0 |

SILVER

| | |
|---|---|
| Ready | 62 6 0 |
| Ashad | 62 2 0 |

### BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 16

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August 122 October 124 December 126

Yarn No. 10 1/2s August 140 October 142 December 145

Yarn No. 20 1/2s August 170 October 176 December 180

Yarn No. 40s August 241 October 243 December 246

### COTTON FARELY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 346 pennies points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 219 pennies points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below New York July 277 cents points at exchange 231

Broach A/M below New York May 215 cents points at exchange 231

### SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, July 16

Volkart Bros' Norwegian s s Bidevind of 2908 reg tons, Captain M. Roberg arrived from New Orleans with general cargo.

Grahams' Trading Company's Greek s s Elphis of 810 reg tons, Captain N. Kouralias arrived from Port Sudan with cotton and general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading Japanese s s Onoe Maru

EXPORTS

23 tons pig iron Tata Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 60 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 24 bales wool raw The Bombay Co Ltd; 50 bales wool raw Mulji Umersey; 20 bales wool raw H A Mahomed and Sons; 3370 bags castorseed bold The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 80 bales wool raw C Lister and Co; 4308 bags castorseed bold Ralli Bros Ltd; 35 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 100 bales raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 191 bales raw cotton Ramnarain Sons Ltd; 84 bags celery seeds D Abraham and Sons; 200 bales raw cotton Kotak and Co.

IMPORTS

173 lse steel plates; 161 lse tees; 28 lse joists; 153 lse steel tyres; 400 bags zinc oxide; 239 bags gum; 1694 bags copra; 56 bags damar batu; 354 bags betelnuts; 129 bags poppyseeds; 45 bags sheep skins; 20492 bags sulphate of ammonia; 50 bags roots; 197 bags raisins; 699 bags dry dates; 400 bags zinc oxide; 60 bags attari; 72 cases paste metal polish; 155 cases pine apples; 616 cases washing blue; 262 cases liquid metal polish; 27 cases cud vegetables; 86 cases cud fruits; 27 cases dental plate cleaning powder; 50 cases cud tomato katchup; 40 drums plaster; 35 drums sulphide of sodium; 50 drums ammonia bicarbonate; 1352 pkgs paint varnish and colours; 462 pkgs dry fruits; 198 ctns empty bottles; 27 ctns fruit juice; 61 ctns radios; 336 coils galvd wire; 294 coils galvd wire shorts; 87 rolls floor covering; 80 brls alum; 281 jottas assafoetida; 268 bundles rattans; 75 pkgs rose buds; 112 casks bichromate of soda; 53 bundles salted fish; 59 59 bales scrap leather 50 bales wool; 2108 bales cotton.

# INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 16

The market opened higher to-day and thereafter the rates were more or less well maintained. Tata Deferreds, which stood at 1865 at the close of yesterday, commenced trading at 1900 and after fluctuating either way in a narrow range closed again at 1900. The Ordinaries began at 360 and recorded dealings up to 362, receding at the close to 360. Bombay Dyeings were quoted better with business passing through around 925. Indian Irons ruled around 27-12.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:

Tata Deferreds (1865) 1900 1895 1910 1900
Tata Ordinaries (358) 360 362 360
Tata Ordinary 360; Tata Deferred 1900; Indian Iron 27/12; Bombay Dyeing 922/8; Century 270; Central India 258/12; Kohinoor 357/8; Associated Cement 114/12; Bombay Burma 540; Scindia Steam 19/12; Tata Hydro 160; Reserve Bank 101; Imperial Bank F P 1467/8; Central Bank 35/14; Bank of India 132/12; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 90.

## American Cotton Weekly Statistics

(IN 1,000'S)

New York, July 12

| | | | Season This Season to-date | Season This week 1938-39 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total in sight (excluding linters) | 13,737 | 150 | 9,441 | |
| Forwarded to American mills, including Canada and other American (excluding linters) | 7,970 | 104 | 6,410 | |
| Exports from U. S. ports | 6,344 | 13 | 3,496 | |
| Of which to Japan | 925 | 4 | 894 | |
| Of which to China | 414 | — | 96 | |
| Of which to Great Britain | 1,987 | 4 | 471 | |
| Of which to Germany | 30 | — | 463 | |
| Stock at U. S. Ports | — | 2,526 | — | |
| Stock at U. S. Interior towns | — | 2,030 | — | |
| World's visible supply | — | — | — | |
| Of which American cotton | — | — | — | |
| Forwarded to world's mills (excluding linters) | ..... | — | 10,219 | |
| Receipt at U. S. Ports | 7,714 | 103 | 3,937 | |

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS (IN 1,000'S)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total forwarded | 3,060 | 67 | 2,523 |
| East Indian forwarded | 405 | 5 | 437 |

### EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, July 15

| | |
|---|---|
| UPPERS:— | |
| Spot | 11.93—04 |
| July | 11.35+02 |
| October | 10.91—00 |
| December | 10.81—00 |
| January | 10.62+02 |
| March | 10.42+03 |
| May | 10.35+03 |
| GIZA NO. 2:— | |
| Spot | 11.43+03 |
| July | 10.85+03 |
| October | 10.61+03 |
| December | 10.61+03 |
| January | 10.43+03 |
| March | 10.28+03 |
| May | 10.20+03 |

### HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 15

Broach J/A highest 179 1/2 lowest 176 closing 179 1/2

Broach A/M highest 202 lowest 198 closing 201 1/4

Oomra July highest 170 lowest 166 closing 168 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 178 lowest 174 3/4 closing 177 3/4

Bengal July highest 139 1/4 lowest 134 3/4 closing 139 1/4

Bengal D/J highest 146 lowest 142 1/2 closing 145 3/4

### SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, July 16

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—

Shipment September Rs. 8-12-0 F B H Indian sugars ready:—

Ready (ordinary) Rs. 17-8-0 to 17-12-0

Ready (large grain) Rs. 17-13-0 to 18-6-0

Tone:—Steady.

### LONDON SEEDS

London, July 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Rozario Santa Fe | unquoted |
| Barletta Russo July quoted | 30 |
| South Australian July quoted | 26/9 |

### LONDON RUBBER

London, July 15

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb sellers ..... 12 1/4

### LONDON SILVER

London, July 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | 22 1/16 |
| Forward | 21 3/4 |

### LONDON GOLD

London, July 15

Gold Bars Fine per oz ..... £8-8-0

## CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

### Securities Firm

CALCUTTA: July 16.

A very firm market for Government securities was observed to-day and substantial business was put through. Indian Iron and Steels and other speculative issues also showed much improvements over yesterday's prices on fresh buying support.

The following were closing quotations:—

Government securities; 3 per cent loan 1963/65 88/2; 3 per cent loan 1951/54 96; 3 per cent loan 1941 101; 3 1/2 per cent Govt. paper 90/4; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 100/14 small lots; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 102/2 small lot; 4 per cent loan 1943 104/1 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 100/12 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 109/4 small odd lots; 4 per cent Punjab Bonds 1948 102.

Banks: Central 35/4 ct; Reserve 191.

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan Rly pref 96/8; Burdwan Cutwa Railway 85 ct; Howrah Amta Railway 89 small lot.

Coals: Borrea 14 ex-div; West Jamuria 26/13.

Jutes: Adamjee 20/14; Agarpara pref 131 ct c div; Anglo-India 302 ex-div; Budge Budge pref 150; Craig pref 33/8; Barnagore 112 s lot; Howrah 7 per cent pref 151; Hukumchand pref 85; National 20/4 ex-div; Reliance pref 150/8; Waverley pref 35.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 5/2; Consolidated Tin 3; Indian Copper 2/2 ex-div; Bengal Telephone pref 11/12; Upper Ganges Elec 10/4; Jubbulpore 12/12; Burn and Co. ordy 319 small lot; Indian Iron and Steel 27/11; Kumardhubi Eng pref 80; Steel Corpn ord 16/5; Steel Corpn pref 99/12; B I Corpn ord 4/2; B I Corpn pref 150; British Ceylon Corporation 5/4; Dunlop Rubber ord 28/12; Dunlop Rubber second pref 105 s lot; Bobtas Industries pref 125; Indian Wood Products 24/8 ct; Indian Paper Pulp 134; Titaghur Paper 16/4 ex-div; Titaghur Paper pref 106; Mysore Paper 12/4. Midnapore Zemindary 74.

Tea: Tezpur pref 11/4 s lots.

Debentures: 7 per cent 1932/40/42 Hukumchand Jute first mortgage Debs 101/4 ct.—A. P.

## COLOMBO MARKET

COLOMBO: July 16.

Rubber 54 3/4 sheet; 50 3/4 crepe. Yesterday's closing rates were same.

Copra 26.50. Cocoanut oil F.O.B. 190.00 nominal.

# GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 16.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 95-12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-10
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 96-12
3 1/2 per cent G. P Notes 90
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 103-8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103-10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 100-12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/69 Loan 107-2
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-9
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans 87-12

TAX-FREE LOANS

3 per cent 1945-55 Loan 109-4
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 106
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 100
4 per cent M Deb. 1947 99-8
5 per cent M Deb. 1959 109
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 115
6 per cent K P T 1956 115

Tone: Steady to firm.

## MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 16

S. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 16th January

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 16th January

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 16th January

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Banks buying D D 328

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 85 nominal

Bank's buying T T 80 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 79 1/4 nominal

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 24

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 16th inst.

Shanghai London 0/4 1/8 16th inst.

New York London 3.84 3/4 15th inst.

London Java 7.58/62 15th inst.

London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 15th inst.

London Switzerland 17.75/85 15th inst.

London Stockholm 16.85/95 15th inst.

London Japan 1/3 1/8 15th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet

Gold £8-8-0 13th inst.

Gold £8-8-0 15th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 3/4 13th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 1/16 15th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 1/2 13th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 3/4 15th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 13th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 15th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 13th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 15th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 13th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 15th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent

3 months 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy

### WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 15

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

| | Dollars. |
|---|---|
| Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd | 16 |
| Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs | 50 |
| Amr Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd | 43 5/8 |
| Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd | 32 1/2 |
| Electric Bond and Share Common | 6 1/8 |
| Electric Bond and Share dol 6 Pfd | 61 |
| Columbia Gas and Electric | 6 |
| Amr Tel and Tel | 159 1/2 |
| Sun Life of Canada | 175 |
| Western Union Telegraph | 17 3/4 |
| New York Central R R | 11 7/8 |
| Great Northern Pfd | 23 1/8 |
| Union Pacific | 82 1/8 |
| Chesapeake and Ohio | 36 7/8 |
| Australia 5 per cent 1955 | 45 1/2 |
| United States Steel | 51 3/4 |
| Bethlehem Steel | 75 1/4 |
| National Steel | 57 1/2 |
| Crucible Steel | 29 |
| Alleghany Ludlum Steel | 22 |
| Republic Steel | 16 3/4 |
| U. S. Smelting | 49 1/2 |
| Int Nickel of Canada | 23 1/4 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 19 1/8 |
| Chrysler Motors | 63 3/4 |
| General Motors | 43 1/2 |
| Socony | 8 5/8 |
| Consolidated Oil | 6 1/4 |
| St. Oil of N J | 34 3/4 |
| Texas Corporation | 38 1/4 |
| National City Bank of New York | 24 3/4 |

Turnover 230,000 shares.

## TATA HYDRO ELECTRIC OUTPUT

### Total Units Generated

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

28th Week (ended July 15th)—

| | |
|---|---|
| 1938 | 15,681,600 |
| 1939 | 13,164,800 |
| 1940 | 15,480,000 |

Total for 28 Weeks (1st January to date)—

| | |
|---|---|
| 1938 | 400,080,400 |
| 1939 | 377,719,400 |
| 1940 | 388,213,020 |

### INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, July 15

| | |
|---|---|
| 3 per cent | 79 |
| 3 1/2 per cent | 91 1/2 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1964/59 | 100 |
| 4 per cent 1948/53 | 104 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | 107 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 | 109 |
| 5 per cent 1942/47 | 103 3/4 |
| 3 per cent 1949/52 | 96 |
| 2 1/2 per cent British Consols | 72 1/4 |
| 3 1/2 per cent War Loan | 99 1/4 |
| 4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90 | 130 5/8 |
| Indian Iron ano Steel New Ordinary | 38/9 |

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 15

| | |
|---|---|
| Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent | £64 |
| Indian stock 3 per cent 1948 | £79 |
| Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later | £91 1/2 |
| Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | £107 |
| Consols 2 1/2 per cent | £72 1/4 |
| Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 | £99 3/4 |
| War loan 3 1/2 per cent | £99 1/4 |
| Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90 | £110 5/8 |
| Victory bonds. | £109 1/4 |
| Chartered Bank of I A and China | £5 7/8 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, London Reg | £63 |
| National Bank of India | £25 |

# BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

### Further Rise Meets Small Selling

Bombay, July 16

The Bombay Stock Exchange was again firm to-day with active buying and quotations of Steel shares were pushed to new high levels, but later on there appeared some selling and prices reacted from high levels. The market was opened for one hour only owing to the death of a member of the Exchange.

As chronicled before there is more disposition to buy and moderate investment support is making its appearance. The

# NEW YORK COTTON SIX POINTS UP

## COTTON:

**LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES**

OCTOBER 1940
New York: July 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 9.45 |
| To-day's opening | 9.43 |
| Difference | —2 |
| To-day's closing | 9.51 |
| Difference | +6 |

**BROACH EXPECTATION**

| | |
|---|---|
| Broach July/August 1940 | Rs. 183/8 |
| Broach April/May 1941 | Rs. 204/8 |

**LIVERPOOL COTTON**

OCTOBER 1940
Liverpool: July 16.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 7.26 |
| To-day's opening | 7.32 |
| Difference | +6 |
| To-day's closing | 7.29 |
| Difference | +3 |

**NEW YORK COTTON**

New York: July 16.

New York cotton eased under increased offerings but the talk of higher loan and crop complaints were sustaining factors. The trading in October began at 9.43, i. e. 2 points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on increased hedging and liquidation with further outside selling but later the demand improved and with the subsidence of hedge pressure October rallied to 9.42.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July Old (9.73/73) 9.57/61 (mutilated)
October (9.41/41) 9.43/42
December (9.29/29) 9.31/30

**LONDON COMMODITIES**

SEEDS
London: July 16.

Castorseeds July/August (£18 1/8) £18 1/8
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£16 7/8) £16 7/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£16) £16

JUTES

Dundee August (£34) £33
Lightning August (£30 1/2) £30

RUBBER

Spot (12 1/8d value) 12d paid and value
Forward October/December (11 1/2d paid and buyers) 11 1/2d paid and value

METALS.

Tin (£265 1/4 buyers; £265 3/4 sellers. Quiet)
£265 buyers; £265 1/4 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

## EXCHANGES:

**CROSS RATES**

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York: July 16.

Previous closing ..... 3.86 5/8
To-day's opening ..... 3.81

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London: July 16.

Previous closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing ..... 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London: July 16.

Previous closing ..... 176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening ..... Not quoted
To-day's closing ..... Not quoted

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE**

New York: July 16.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (Unquoted) dol 43 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 19 1/4) unquoted
U S Steel Common (dol 51 7/8) dol 51 1/2
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

**LONDON SILVER CABLE**

London: July 16.

The following cable was received from London:—

Bear covering. Business small. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER
London: July 16.

Spot (22 1/16d) 22 3/16d +1/8
Forward (21 3/4d) 21 3/4d Nil

LONDON GOLD
London: July 16.

Gold Bars Fine per Ounce (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

**LONDON EXCHANGES**

London: July 16.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1/6) 1-8
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/8) 0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/8
London on Kobe (1-3 1/8 to 1-3 5/8) 1-2 5/8 to 1-3 1/8

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

**BULLION AND SEEDS**

Bombay: July 16.

There was no trading during the night session.

## WORKING HOURS IN JUTE MILLS

### Reduced Sequel To Accumulation Of Stocks

CALCUTTA: July 16.

The decision to reduce the weekly working hours from 54 to 45 was unanimously taken at a special meeting of the members of Indian Jute Mills Association to-day.

The reduction will not, however, affect mills with 220 looms or less.

Since the reduction of hours from 60 to 54 on April 8, there has been a reduction in Hessian stocks, amounting to 12 crores of yards, but the stocks of heavy goods have shown an increase of some 2 1/2 crores of yards. Against this, however, the large sandbag order will be completed by mills at the end of July, and it is known that at present about 1/6th of the total looms in the Association are engaged in the manufacture of sandbags. The controller of purchase (jute) has been informed that orders for sandbags of the same magnitude as those previously given cannot reasonably be expected, although orders for other materials are forthcoming.

Another factor which influenced the Committee in their decision is that for the United Kingdom alone shippers have carried forward owing to lack of shipping space for the transport of those goods during June a total of 15,000 tons of manufactured articles, all of which are included in the Association's stock figures.

The Committee had also discussed previously with the Minister for Commerce and Labour, Government of Bengal, the effect of this reduction of labour. The opinion seems to be that the transition to these lower hours can be affected smoothly.

## KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI: July 16.

Cotton Sind July 15/13/6; Jany 17/7; Punjab July 14/6/6; Jany 15/6/6; FFFF July 23/6/9; Jany 22/8/9. Strong.
Wheat July 27/11; September 28/3/9. Strong.
Gram July 29/2; September 29/12.
Toria July 35/9; September 36/7.
Cottonseed July 23/3; September 23/10.

## Fall In Indian Sea Customs Revenue

CALCUTTA, July 16.

According to returns received in the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, the total gross Indian sea customs revenue, including land customs but excluding salt revenue, collected in British India during the month of June, 1940, amounted to Rs. 3,34 lakhs as compared with Rs. 3,67 lakhs in May, 1940 and Rs. 3,98 lakhs in June 1939. The grand total of gross customs and Central Excise revenues realised in the three months ended June, 1940, was Rs. 12,42 lakhs as compared with Rs. 13,57 lakhs during the same period last year.

## Hundi Timings

Mr. U. Dixit, Hon. Secretary, Sarafi Joint Conference, Bombay, writes:—

Banks, Shroffs and public generally are informed hereby that in pursuance of the resolution passed by the Joint Sarafi Conference on 5th July, 1940, the Bombay Shroff Association, the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, the Grain Merchants' Association, the Multani and Shikarpuri Shroff Association, the Memon Chamber of Commerce, the Bombay Commission Agents' Association, the Memon Merchants' Association and the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce have with effect from the 16th July, 1940, introduced the following altered timings for the presentation and payment of Hundis amongst their members:—

Presentation: 11 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Payment: 11 a.m. to 5-30 p.m.

These are to remain in force during the continuance of the war emergency.

## Dickens' Grandson At Bellary

MADRAS, July 16.

A grandson of the great English novelist Dickens is now in Bellary, writes the Bellary correspondent of the "Hindu". He is Mr. Charles Dickens, Bellary's new Superintendent of Post Offices.

It was revealed that Mr. Dickens was a grandson of the author of "Pickwick Papers" at a party given to welcome him and to bid farewell to the out-going Superintendent.

Mr. Dickens was formerly Superintendent of Post Offices, Lower Sind.—A. P.

### SECRETARY TO AGENT-GENERAL IN S. AFRICA

OOTACAMUND, July 16.

It is officially announced that Mr. D. I. R. Muir, former Deputy Secretary, Public Department, Government of Madras, on return from leave is appointed Secretary to the Agent-General for India in the Union of South Africa.—A. P.

# Weather Report

POONA: July 16.

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

| STATIONS. | Temperatures. Maximum. | Minimum. | Rainfall Past 24 hours. | Total since June 1 | Departure from normal. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| All-India weather chart upto 8 hrs. Tuesday:— | | | | | |
| Chittagong | 88 | 79 | 0.0 | 35.7 | +3.8 |
| Calcutta | 90 | 80 | T | 15.1 | —3.3 |
| Cuttack | 88 | 78 | 0.8 | 28.1 | +12.1 |
| Patna | 95 | 83 | 0.0 | 5.5 | —8.7 |
| Gorakhpur | 94 | 82 | 0.0 | 7.2 | —6.7 |
| Benares | 99 | 85 | 0.0 | 7.5 | —2.8 |
| Allahabad | 92 | 81 | 0.1 | 5.4 | ..... |
| Cawnpore | 92 | 77 | 0.4 | 2.7 | —5.1 |
| Lucknow | 92 | 75 | 2.0 | 4.8 | —5.2 |
| Jhansi | 86 | 74 | 3.3 | 9.6 | —0.9 |
| Agra | 96 | 77 | 0.4 | 2.3 | —6.0 |
| Bareilly | 88 | 74 | 1.7 | 11.2 | —0.9 |
| Dehra Dun | 86 | 72 | 1.7 | 23.3 | +1.7 |
| Delhi | 95 | 75 | 2.1 | 2.9 | —4.6 |
| Ambala | 94 | 72 | 4.2 | 12.2 | +4.4 |
| Ludhiana | 102 | 79 | 0.0 | 5.1 | —1.9 |
| Lahore | 103 | 83 | 0.0 | 4.1 | —0.3 |
| Sialkot | 98 | 77 | 0.0 | 7.5 | +0.9 |
| Rawalpindi | 94 | 80 | T | 8.6 | +3.1 |
| Lyallpur | 105 | 76 | 0.8 | 1.3 | —1.4 |
| Multan | 108 | 86 | 0.0 | 0.0 | —1.5 |
| Srinagar | 88 | 64 | 0.0 | 3.5 | +0.9 |
| Peshawar | 97 | 81 | 0.0 | 0.9 | ..... |
| Dehra I. Khan | 108 | 74 | 0.0 | 0.5 | —1.2 |
| Ft. Sandeman | 100 | 73 | 0.3 | 1.3 | —0.4 |
| Quetta | 94 | 69 | 0.0 | 0.3 | ..... |
| Kangoon | 81 | 75 | 0.3 | 35.7 | +7.1 |
| Khandwa | 92 | 75 | 0.5 | 18.1 | +8.3 |
| Jubbulpore | 86 | 71 | 0.4 | 15.6 | —0.3 |
| Nagpur | 89 | 77 | 0.3 | 35.6 | +19.3 |
| BOMBAY | 86 | 78 | 0.4 | 33.8 | +0.5 |
| Ratnagiri | 85 | 76 | 0.5 | 37.4 | —9.5 |
| Ahmednagar | 85 | 70 | 0.1 | 11.2 | +4.4 |
| Poona | 81 | 71 | 0.1 | 6.9 | —1.4 |
| Sholapur | 93 | 73 | 0.0 | 3.0 | —3.9 |
| Hyderabad (Dn.) | 92 | 75 | 0.0 | 5.1 | —2.7 |
| Bangalore | 84 | 66 | 0.0 | 4.7 | —0.4 |
| Mysore | 79 | 67 | T | 7.1 | +2.7 |
| Calicut | 82 | 73 | 1.7 | 56.7 | +16.6 |
| Madras | 101 | 80 | T | 3.1 | —0.6 |
| Shillong | 78 | 63 | 0.0 | 15.3 | ..... |
| Simla | 75 | 56 | 1.1 | 15.0 | —0.9 |
| Pachmarhi | 78 | 68 | 0.1 | 41.0 | +20.1 |
| Kodaikanal | 65 | 53 | 0.0 | 6.2 | —0.6 |
| Colombo | 85 | 79 | 0.0 | 9.8 | —1.3 |
| Jacobabad | 107 | 86 | 0.0 | 0.1 | —0.5 |
| Hyderabad (Sd.) | 100 | 82 | 0.0 | 0.7 | —1.3 |
| Karachi | 90 | 83 | 0.0 | 0.4 | —1.9 |
| Jaipur | 85 | 76 | 0.5 | 4.9 | —1.7 |
| Ajmer | 84 | 74 | 0.5 | 3.0 | —3.0 |
| Deesa | 95 | 80 | 0.9 | 5.3 | —1.1 |
| Rajkot | 88 | 77 | 0.1 | 5.6 | —4.5 |
| Ahmedabad | 94 | 79 | T | 3.8 | —6.1 |
| Bhopal | 85 | 75 | T | 20.9 | ..... |
| Akola | 88 | 76 | T | 3.8 | —3.1 |
| Amraoti | 88 | 75 | 0.0 | 22.1 | +10.6 |
| Indore | 84 | 74 | 0.2 | 17.2 | +6.4 |
| Marmagoa | 83 | 75 | 1.8 | 38.6 | ..... |
| Malegaon | 87 | 72 | 0.0 | 1.1 | —0.8 |
| Mussoorie | 66 | 56 | 2.5 | 22.5 | +6.7 |
| Mahableshwar | 66 | 63 | 3.9 | 80.3 | +10.8 |
| Baroda | 91 | 78 | 0.0 | 6.7 | ..... |
| Bahawalpur | 107 | 83 | 0.0 | 0.3 | —1.2 |
| Murree | 69 | 62 | 0.0 | 13.0 | +3.5 |
| Cherrapunji | 73 | 67 | 0.1 | 105.5 | —50.5 |
| Bijapur | 89 | 74 | 0.0 | 3.3 | —1.1 |
| Dalhousie | 76 | 63 | 0.2 | 9.6 | —8.1 |
| Ootacamund | 60 | 53 | 0.1 | 13.1 | +2.5 |
| Jodhpur | 95 | 78 | 1.1 | 1.7 | —1.5 |

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.—A. P.

### COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 16-7-40.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.030 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.3 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 85.9 degrees 0.8 above normal
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 78.0 degrees 1.7 above normal
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 84 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 12 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 194 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 40 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.42 inches
Total rainfall during the month 3.83 inches.
Total rainfall during the year 35.20 inches.
Weather remarks: Rain

### OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 16-7-40

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.93 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.72 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

### 3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: July 16.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

**LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE**

London: July 16.

The London Stock Exchange was quietly steady.

INDIAN LOANS
London: July 16.

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/4) £72 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/4) £99 3/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 5/8) £110 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 1/4) £99 1/4
New War Loan (£100 1/8) £100 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (8-9) 8-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (32-0) 31-3
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-9) 5-9
Princhin Johnson (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (23-7 1/2) 23-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-3 ex-div) 48-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£31) £31
Dundee Rubber (25-1 1/2) 25-1 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (18-9) 19-4 1/2
Ford Motors (15-4 1/2) 15-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£35) £35
British American Tobacco Ordinary (65-0) 65-0
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (85-7 1/2) 85-7½
P and O Def (14-9) 14-9
Distillers (54-9) 54-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-10 1/2) 26-10½
Courtaulds Ordinary (24-10 1/2) 24-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (12-9) 12-9
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (38-9) 40-0

*TEA SHARES

Assam (13-1 1/2) 13-9
Donaro Tea (25-0) 26-3
Empire of India (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 14-6
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 14-4 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-3) 22-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-6
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (30-0) 30-0
Rand Mines (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12) £11 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (47-6) 47-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (56-3) 56-3
Sub Nigel (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-0) 20-0
Anglo India (32-6) 32-6
Burma Oil (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (3-6) 3-1 1/2
Shell Transport (33-9) 33-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£26 3/4) £26 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£11 1/4) £11 1/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9) £9
London Transport 5 per cent (£113) £113
London Transport 'C' (£30 1/2) £30 1/2

## Lightning & Thunder At Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 16.

Delhi experienced a heavy downpour followed by lightning and thunder in the early hours of this morning.—A. P.

# Interest-Free Defence Bonds

### Hyderabad State And Tatas Top List

The following is the list of names of subscribers for Rs. 1,000 and over to the 3-year interest-free Defence Bonds:—

(BOMBAY)

Hyderabad State Rs. 50,00,000; Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd. Rs. 10,00,000; Tata Sons Ltd. Rs. 3,00,000; Sir Dorabji Tata Trust Rs. 3,00,000; Sir Ratan Tata Trust Rs. 3,00,000; Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd Rs. 2,00,000; The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd. Rs. 2,00,000; The Tata Power Co., Ltd. Rs. 2,00,000; Svadeshi Mills Co., Ltd. Rs. 1,00,000; Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Ltd. Rs. 1,00,000; The Investment Corporation of India Ltd. Rs. 1,00,000; The Central India Spg. Wvg. and Mfg. Co., Ltd. Rs. 50,000; The Ahmedabad Advance Mills Ltd. Rs. 50,000; Indian Vegetable Products Ltd. Rs. 25,000; Framroze D. Mavji and Minocher F. Mavji Rs. 10,000; R. E. M. Patel Rs. 5,000; George Melnikoff and Mrs. Margaret Melnikoff Rs. 5,000; Alexander Charles Otto and Mrs. Jenny Otto Rs. 5,000; Norman Hugh Jarman Rs. 5,000; Jehangir Framji Suntook Rs. 3,000; A. Zoroastrian J. Rs. 3,000; Charles Saldanha and Gilbert C. Saldanha Rs. 1,000; A. F. Rs. 1,000; M. Mohamed Tacki Afshar and Co. Rs. 1,000.

(CALCUTTA)

The Tinplate Co. of India, Ltd. Rs. 5,00,000; Mugneeram Bangur and Co. Rs. 25,000; Malcolm Angus Tulloch and Mrs. Kathlean Tulloch Rs. 5,000; His Excellency Sir John Austen Hubback, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., and Lady Hubback Rs. 5,000; E. A. Arakie Rs. 5,000; Rai Bahadur Panchu Gopal Mukerji Rs. 5,000; Mrs. Emma Smith and Arthur Charles Smith Rs. 3,000; Rustom Sorabjee Colah Rs. 3,000; Bhagirath Mehta Rs. 1,000; Carl Edwin Leslie Rs. 1,000; Frederick Samuel Osborne Rs. 1,000; Mahiyar R. Dastur Rs. 1,000; Pashupaty Chatterjee Rs. 1,000.

(MADRAS)

Diwan Bahadur C. V. Venkataraman Iyengar, B.A., B.L., F.R.S.A Rs. 1,000; Mr. Samuel Sabattai Koder Rs. 1,000.

(DELHI)

Dr. Miss Hilda Lucy Keane and Dr. Miss Mary Sinclair Rs. 5,000; Olaf Kirkpatrick Caroe, C.I.E., I.C.S. Rs 5,000; Rai Bahadur Diwan Chand Saini Rs. 5,000; Leslie Caron Buss Rs. 5,000; The Hon'ble Mr. E. M. Jenkins, C.I.E., I.C.S. Rs. 3,000; "D. P. D. Allahabad" Rs. 2,000; Hari Charan Dutt Rs. 2,000; Rai Sahib A. Ghosh Rs. 1,000; Albert Robin Jones Rs. 1,000; Modh. Abdul Bari Khan Rs. 1,000; Khawja Abdul Rahim Rs. 1,000.

## BAR EXAMINATIONS IN INDIA

SIMLA, July 16.

The Chief Justice of India is informed by the Council of Legal Education that in the present circumstances applications for permission to sit for the Bar Examinations in Delhi to be held in the autumn will be accepted, even though they do not reach the Council until after July 6, the day previously fixed, says a Press Note.

Applications may also be made in India and should be addressed to the Registrar, University of Delhi, Old Viceregal Lodge, Delhi, and the envelopes marked in the left hand corner "Bar Examination".—A. P.

## Sir Guthrie Takes Up His New Job

SIMLA, July 16.

Sir Guthri Russell made over charge of Chief Commissionership of Railways to Mr. Wilson this afternoon, and took over charge of his new office of Director-General of Munitions Production, Supply Department.—A. P.

## Prakasam's Plea For Revival Of Villages

MADANAPALLE, July 15.

The practicability of making every village self-sufficient by investing it with full powers to manage its affairs and reviving village Panchayats was stressed by Mr. T. Prakasam, former Revenue Minister, inaugurating a village self-sufficient centre at Errakkotapalle, 38 miles from here last evening.

Mr. Prakasam said if the villages were allowed to decay day by day, the whole country would decay and hence the Congress Ministry tried to revive village life. He exhorted the people to create such self-sufficient centres in every village and manage their affairs by themselves through mutual co-operation and self-help.—A. P.

## Fire Works Fatality

VIRUDHUNAGAR, July 16.

Six Nadar youths between the ages of 15 and 24 lost their lives following a fire caused by the explosion of fireworks materials in a shop here last evening. Three of them died on the spot while the rest succumbed to their injuries in hospital.—A. P.

### FOUR DACOITS SHOT DEAD.

VIRUDHUNAGAR, July 15.

Four dacoits are reported to have been shot dead following a clash between a gang of dacoits and some villagers in a village on Ettalyapuram-Koilpatti Road.

## CONGRESS LEADERSHIP IN SIND

### Dr. Ashraf Says It Is Socially Reactionary

(From Our Special Correspondent)
DELHI, July 14.

Dr. K. M. Ashraf, who has just returned from a political tour of Sind and the Punjab, has released the following impressions about the two provinces.

"I have just returned to Delhi after a prolonged tour of Sind and the parts of the Punjab extending over three weeks. I have personally seen something of the panic which pervades among the Hindu propertied classes of Sind and the repression which is only too conspicuous in the land of Five Rivers.

"While at Karachi I closely watched the proceedings of the Sukkur Riots Judicial Enquiry. Otherwise, too, I availed myself of every opportunity to establish personal contacts with men of all classes. I was rather struck by the tremendous response to appeals for communal harmony and national struggle all over the province, particularly because these gatherings coincided with the worst period of communal bitterness in Sind. Anybody who goes to Sind will be impressed by the universal urbanity and hospitality of Sindhis of all classes and equally disappointed in the politicians and their politics. Sind being a land primarily of landlords, Sahukars, and merchants, its politics bears the distinctive stamp of their class character. There are certain distinguished exceptions which only go to confirm the general impression of pettiness and intrigues and utter want of any political principle and programme. In fact political adventurism has filtered down even to the ranks of the industrial workers of Karachi and it is only during the last few weeks that genuine attempt is being made to organise them on correct lines after many years. Unfortunately for Sind, the Congress movement is confined to a narrow section of urban Hindus, mostly drawn from or associated with vested interests. Under the prevailing condition the peasantry is the only stable social basis for a democratic movement and for the struggle of independence.

"Far from approaching them the Congress leadership has antagonised their ranks by expelling Mr. Mohd. Amin Khoso, the peasant leader and the only elected Muslim member of the Congress Assembly Party. This, again, demonstrates the socially reactionary character of the Congress leadership in Sind. In my opinion the Congress President will be well-advised to constitute an enquiry into the Congress affairs with a view to reorganise the Congress movement in Sind on a mass basis before it is too late.

REACTION IN PUNJAB

"The scene changes in the Punjab. The political reaction is to all appearance dominant and inspite of occasional communal conflicts the Punjabi refuses to be panicky. The administration, is, however, visibly deteriorating. Arbitrariness even autocracy is the rule. After the last firing against the Khaksars Sir Sikandar gives a bold indication that the Socialists and Communists in fact every honest anti-imperialist was to be supposed under cover of the convenient slogan of "Fifth Columnist". And now no less than 42 Congressmen including 5 M.L.A's. are in jail.

## 'HARIJAN' TO COME OUT ON SUNDAYS

POONA, July 16.

"The Harijan" office in Poona informs the Associated Press that consequent on the recent decision of Mahama Gandhi to write his main articles in Gujarati there will be a change in the day of publication of the "Harijan".

The "Harijan Bandhu" the Gujarati edition of the Harijan, which was upto now published on Sundays, will henceforward be published on Saturdays and the "Harijan" the English edition, will be published on Sundays instead of on Saturdays as hitherto.—A. P.

## Bhavnagar Ban On Books

(From Our Correspondent).
BHAVNAGAR, July 15.

The following books have been proscribed under the Defence of India Act:—"Krantikari Hitler," "Sahid-ki-Toli", "Lal Zanda," "May Day 1940, and its programme", "The Frontier Provincial Congress Committee" and "Antarni Jwala".

### U. P. GOVERNMENT.

LUCKNOW, July 16.

The Government closed its camp at Nainital on Saturday and is re-assembling here on 22nd July. H. E. the Governor has proceeded to Allahabad in course of his monsoon tour.—A. P.

# Poona Session Of A. I. C. C.

### Press Reports Contradicted: No Issue Of Tickets For Visitors

POONA, July 16.

The Publicity Secretary to the forthcoming session of the A.-I. C. C. in a notification to the press says:

"Reports appearing in press, to the effect that the Reception Committee of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee is erecting a pandal with a view to accommodate hundreds of visitors at the time of the A.-I. C. C. meeting and issuing tickets, etc., are incorrect. The M.P.C.C. has decided to carry out the instructions of the A.I.C.C. Office. No tickets are issued or will be issued in the future. The A.-I. C. C. is to meet on the terrace of the Congress Bhuvan."—A. P.

## QUOTA OF BARODA WOMEN IN WAR EFFORTS

BARODA, July 13.

The women of Baroda City are also giving, their share in the war efforts of the State for collecting money for war purposes. A Ladies' Central Committee has been appointed with Lady Krishnamachari, wife of the Dewan of Baroda, as the president. Four sub-committees have been appointed to collect funds and it has been decided to organise entertainments, such as the staging of Indian and English dramas, jumble sale and Bridge, and the proceeds of all entertainments will go to the War Purposes Fund.—United Press.

## MAHAKOSHAL P. C. C. PRESIDENT

### Radicals Stage Walk-out

KHANDWA, July 15.

At a general meeting of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee convened in Khandwa under the instructions of the All-India Congress Committee to elect a president and return two members to the A. I. C. C. in the place of those disqualified as a result of Mr. Shankerrao Deo's award, Mr. Thakur Chedilal was re-elected President for the fourth time, while Messrs. Ramgopal Tewari and Thakur Chedilal were returned to the A. I. C. C. unopposed.

After Thakur Chedilal's election five Radicals staged a walk-out.—A. P.

## Volunteers Training In U. P.

LUCKNOW, July 12.

"The next meeting of the Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee will decide many questions arising out of decisions of the Working Committee 'vis-a-vis' the organisation of volunteers for internal defence and maintenance of peace", said Mr. Keshavadeva Malaviya, Secretary of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement.

"We are, opening an Instructors' Training Class in August in one of the central districts of the Province to turn out, in first instalment, a batch of 150 officers."

The total number of volunteers, it is stated, has reached 10,000.—United Press.

## MRS. PANDIT TO VISIT CHINA

ALLAHABAD, July 15.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit has received the following communication from Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek.

"On behalf of the women of China I take great pleasure in extending to you and other members of your delegation a hearty welcome to visit our country. Because of the daily indiscriminate bombing by enemy planes throughout the land during clear weather making travelling too difficult please arrange your visit for October or November."

It will be recalled that the All-India Women's Conference at its last session held in Allahabad in January last passed a resolution to send a women's delegation to China. The above communication from Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek is in connection with the same.—United Press.

## Ambur Leaguers Confer

VELLORE, July 14.

"So far as we are concerned there can be only one end to this war—the success of the Allies. The vast and unlimited resources of the Empire and the righteousness of our cause are the sure guarantees on which we rely" observed Haji Abdur Sattar Haji Ishaq Seth, M. L. A. (Central) and Member, Working Committee, All-India Muslim League, presiding over the Ambur Muslim League Conference to-day.

After referring to Simla talks, he explained the Muslim Partition Scheme and said: "We honestly believe that the Partition Scheme adumbrated in the Lahore resolution will lead to peace and harmony in this vast sub-continent".

Khan Bahadur Nawab Sidique Ali Khan, M.L.A. (Central) of C. P. opened the conference.

Messages wishing success to the conference were read from Mr. Jinnah, Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, Raja of Mahmudabad, Nawabzada Liyakhat Ali Khan, General Secretary of All-India Muslim League, and others.

PAKISTAN PLAN WELCOMED

Resolutions were passed expressing confidence in Pakistan Scheme, inviting All-India Muslim League to hold its next session in Madras, urging the Muslim League to re-organise its branches in Indian States and welcoming the decision of the Working Committee regarding participation of the League in war committees.—A. P.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★Prem Adib,
★Miss Pradhan,
★K. N. Singh.
Director:
C. M. LUHAR, B.Sc.
4th Family Week
at
ROXY
Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.

Daring Romance of 'Dead-End' Girl and Live-Wire Boy
GINGER ROGERS McCREA JOEL
PRIMROSE PATH
with
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
HENRY TRAVERS
MILES MANDER
RKO RADIO Picture
Produced and Directed by GREGORY LA CAVA. Screen Play by Allan Scott and Gregory La Cava
NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

# BOMBAY and SUBURBS

## Local Engagements

### To-day

Hindu: Ashad Sud 13, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 11, 1359
Parsi: Bahman 16, 1309
Hightide: 10-58; 22-41
Lowtide: 4-08; 7-04
Sunrise: 6h. 10m.
Sunset: 7h. 19m.

'KHAN BAHADUR' AT BANDRA TALKIES

From July 17 to 19, Bandra Talkies will screen Minerva's "Khan Bahadur" starring Sohrab Modi and Naseem.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Prof. Colaco will begin his lectures on Modern English Novel to-day (Wednesday) in the University, South Wing at 6-30 p.m.; other Adult Education Classes for the day will meet as usual.

FREE POPULAR SCIENCE LECTURES

Under the joint auspices of the Royal Institute of Science and the Association, a course of 11 lectures, Marathi and Gujarati, will be given in the Royal Institute of Science, Mayo Road, Room No. 2, on successive Saturdays at 4 p.m. Prin. Paranjpe will open the series by his inaugural lecture on "Liquid Air" on July 20.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION

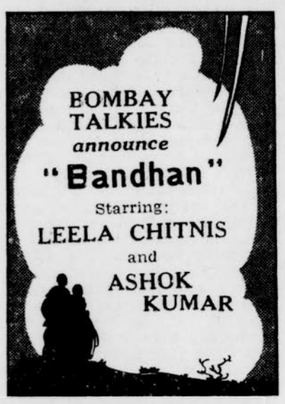
A meeting of the workers of the Municipal Workshop will be held under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union at Foras Road Gardens to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) to consider the question of Graded System of Wages that is before the Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation. Sjt. R. S. Nimbkar and Smt. Maniben Mulji are expected to speak.

EMERGENCY GUARDS

Mr. N. K. Upadhyaya, Hon. Jt. Secretary, Bombay National Guards, writes:—

A meeting of the representatives of all the Volunteer Corps in the city, will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. at the Anglo-Ayurvedic Hospital, near Congress House, to appoint a Central Committee of Volunteers for the sake of Emergency Guards and to appoint recruiting officers in different wards to enroll members for the Emergency Guards. All the volunteer organisations are requested to represent this meeting.

SENSATIONAL SCENES! IN A SENSATIONAL FILM!
PRODUCERS PICTURES CORPORATION Presents
"HITLER-Beast of Berlin"
EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

BOMBAY TALKIES
announce
"Bandhan"
Starring:
LEELA CHITNIS
and
ASHOK KUMAR

NEXT CHANGE at the
ROXY

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

10,000 JUNGLE THRILLS!
NEXT FRIDAY:
TYRONE POWER · DOROTHY LAMOUR
JOHNNY APOLLO
EDWARD ARNOLD · LLOYD NOLAN
Bigger than "JESSE JAMES"!

## Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Charlie Chan in Reno". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Zanzibar". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Dr. Kildare's Strange Case". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hitler—Beast of Berlin". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Primrose Path". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi". Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

FREE HOME NURSING CLASS IN BANDRA

Under the auspices of the Friendly Union Ambulance Centre, a free Home Nursing Class will be opened on Thursday, 18th July 1940, at 6-15 p.m. on the premises of the St. Andrew's Boys' School, St. Andrew's Road, Bandra. All those wishing to join are requested to see the Honorary Secretary and Treasurer Mr. D. S. Bharucha.

Candidates getting very high number of marks will be given prizes, etc. as the Committee may decide.

CENSUS OF KHADI-WEARERS

The Hon. Secretary, B.S.D.C.C. writes:—

It has been decided by the Bombay Suburban Distt. Congress Committee to prepare an up-to-date list of the Khadi-wearers in the district. The Village Congress Committees have already started the work of finding out who the Khadi-wearers are in their respective areas and to prepare a list. It is likely that the Village Congress Committees may not be able to get into touch with all. The District Congress Committee, therefore, appeals to the Khadi-wearers in the Suburbs to go to the nearest Village Congress Committee and get their names enlisted.

The Provincial Congress Committee is preparing a list of all the Khadi-wearers and the Distt. Congress Committee has to send a correct report to the Provincial Committee.

INCREASE IN INDO-CEYLON RAILWAY RATES

COLOMBO: July 15.

Proposals for an increase in the Indo-Ceylon railway rates and fares are under consideration, and it is likely that higher charges will be introduced shortly, says the "Ceylon Daily News."

The increased rates and fares will operate only on the Indian section of the railway, but the effect will be that the transport of passengers and goods between India and Ceylon will cost more.

TEN INCHES RAIN IN BHAVNAGAR MAHAL

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, July 15.

Bhavnagar proper experienced heavy rains, about 3 1/2 inches within last 24 hours. The following Mahals recorded rainfall:—Kundla 5 inches; Umrala 3 1/2; Gadhada 5; Botad 3 1/2; Talaja 3 1/2; Sihor 5.

There was obstruction to railway traffic due to 10 inches of rainfall in Liliya Mahal.

### Plea For Lifting Ban On Mewar Praja Mandal

(From A Correspondent.)

Resolutions regretting the continued repressive attitude of the remove the ban of the Mewar Prajamandal for not removing the ban of the Prajamandal, requesting the State authorities to remove the ban of the Mewar Prajamandal and appealing to the general public to help the Mewar Prajamandal in famine relief work were passed in a meeting held on Sunday last at Kalbadevi Road under the auspices of Mewar Prajamandal. Mr. Kanhaiyalal D. Vaidya presided.

Mr. Harishchandra Palliwal was appointed as Secretary on the place of Mr. Ramsinh Bhati, and Seth Maganlal Jhaveri was appointed treasurer.

### PLANNED AGRI-CULTURE IN INDIA

#### Ramamurthi Stresses Need In War-time

COIMBATORE, July 15.

"It is essential for the Nation that one-half at least of its people should be engaged in agriculture so that the Nation may feed and live. This thought comes prominently to our minds at a time of war when country is cut off from country and each nation is thrown on to iself for its primary needs", observed Mr. S. V. Ramamurthi, member, Board of Revenue, presiding over the twenty-ninth Conference and College Day of the Madras Agricultural College, Coimbatore.

He added "what is needed is a systematic ascertainment of the needs of the Province and the planning of how to meet the needs. With the control which the Government have over the use of water and land, there is scope even for a short range adjustment of rice production. The war has also brought to the forefront the need for a rapid production of commodities for the cause with which India is identified."

The conference passed a resolution affirming its loyalty to the cause for which Great Britain and India were fighting and resolving to help in all possible ways for the successful prosecution of the war.—A. P.

POST-GRADUATE STUDIES IN PHARMACEUTICS

For the first time in the history of the Indian Universities, a course of post-graduate studies in Pharmaceutics is being introduced in the applied Chemistry Department of Calcutta University from the current year.—A. P.

## G.K.U. Leaders Sentenced

After a protracted trial lasting nearly 11 months, five office-bearers of the Girni Kamgar Union, were convicted of charges of criminal intimidation, wrongful restraint and abetment thereof, in connection with the Phoenix Mill strike, by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Tuesday.

Mr. S. S. Mirajkar, Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress was awarded an aggregate sentence of six months' rigorous imprisonment.

A similar sentence was passed on S.S. Patkar, Joint Secretary of the Girni Kamgar Union and a member of the B.P.C.C. as well as a member of the A.I.C.C. Mr. S. P. Bhise and S. A. Dange, President and General Secretary, respectively, of the Girni Kamgar Union were awarded aggregate sentences of two and three months' rigorous imprisonment respectively.

Mrs. Ushabai Dange was fined Rs. 200 in default to three months' simple imprisonment in view of her being mother of two children, and as the father was already under detention there was nobody to look after the children.

Mr. R. K. Bhogle was acquitted as the speech for which he was being prosecuted was found to be unobjectionable.

A large number of workers of the Union as well as many friends and admirers of the accused were present in court.

The defence contention was that the accused performed only their normal duties in the conduct of the strike, and the fact that it continued for nearly six months without any major outbreak of violence in spite of the starving condition of the workers, went to show that there was no intimidation.

### SHANTARAM ON THE AIR!

**To-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 p.m. Mr. V. Shantaram, the Prabhat Director, will broadcast a talk from the Madras Radio Station.**

### MD. SHAHID JAILED

Mohamed Shahid, Vice-President of the Girni Kamgar Union and a Municipal Corporator, was sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day to one year's R. I. and a fine of Rs. 5 under the Defence of India Act for a speech he made on the 22nd May at Northbrook Gardens in connection with the recent Textile general strike in the city.

### NADIAD WORKERS ON STRIKE

#### Sequel To Demand For War Allowance

(From Our Correspondent.)

NADIAD, July 14.

All efforts of conciliation over the demand for war allowance having failed, the Labour Association called on the workers to go on strike and the appeal for the general strike has been a complete success. All the six mills are affected by the strike, about 6,000 workers having joined the strike.

Mr Rasulkhan Pathan interviewed the Dewan Saheb and presented the case of workers on behalf of the Labour Association. The Dewan Saheb will take the necessary steps shortly.

### STRIKE IN FOUR BARODA MILLS

#### Workers Demand Dearness Allowance

BARODA, July 16.

Workers belonging to four cotton mills totalling about 6,000 downed tools to-day demanding dearness allowance.

The workers paraded the main streets in a procession. A protest meeting was also held.—United Press.

### BIRTH PANGS OF A NEW AGE

#### What Lies Behind The Agony Of This War

SANTINIKETAN, (By Mail.)

"The war does not simplify life but we are not afraid, even though we face as in 1066, 1588, and 1810 the realities of invasion"—thus writes Mr. L. K. Elmhirst in a recent letter from England to Dr. Rabindranath Tagore. Mr. Elmhirst of Darlington is a great friend and admirer of the Poet and is actively connected with Visva-Bharati. He further writes.

"These are not easy times but I like to think for them as the birth pangs of a great age that is to be, the struggles of that chicken in the egg that you used to tell me about before the shell cracks open and a new world appears. Whether we shall be permitted to get a glimpse of that promised land or not I don't know.

The time will come, America will grow up China and India will find out all they have to contribute. Russia will mellow. Prussia —what will Prussia do? Burn herself out? Even Britain may find herself."—A. P.

### FIRE RELIEF IN KAIRA DISTRICT

(From Our Correspondent).

NADIAD, (By Mail).

At the instance of the Government of Bombay, a Kaira District Fire Relief Committee was established in Kaira District last year. The meeting of the Committee was held at Nadiad, under the chairmanship of Sjt. S. B. Vaidya, the Collector of Kaira.

The work done was reviewed and ways and means for future action were discussed at the meeting. Magnanimous help is being received from the N. M. Wadia Charities of Bombay, which is being supplemented by the Government where necessary. However, there are certain petty cases which cannot go either to the Wadia Charities or to Government. The District Fire Relief Committee has endeavoured to relieve distress of victims in such cases. But for want of sufficient funds many of these cases could not be entertained.

It was decided to make an appeal to well-to-do gentlemen of Kaira District having business in Bombay or elsewhere, to give donations to the Committee to augment its funds. The Committee hopes that its appeal would have a good response so as to enable it to relieve distress in every deserving case.

### Viceroy to Arrive In City On Aug. 11

The Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow accompanied by the Lady Joan Hope, the Lady Doreen Hope and Personal Staff will arrive at Government House, Ganeshkhind, on August 6.

The Viceroy will arrive in Bombay on August 11 and return to Ganeshkhind on August 14

Their Excellencies and party will leave Ganeshkhind on August 15.

### TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)

Yesterday evening nearly the whole population of Malad flocked to witness the opening ceremony of the new Talkies along the Ghodbunder Road. The opening ceremony was performed by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate of Bombay.

### PURSE FOR DR. HARDIKER

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, (By Mail.)

The friends and admirers of Dr. N. S. Hardiker presented an amount of Rs. 1,300 to him on Sunday last on the occasion of his 51st birthday to publish literature on Volunteer Movement.

The function was held at the Karnatak Press under the Presidentship of Mr. R. R. Divaker. Mr. R. S. Golikeri on behalf of the Collection Committee made a report about the object of the fund and the work done by the Committee.

The president, Mr. Divaker, Dr. Kabbur, Seth Naranji Toolsidas, Mr. Hukkeriker, Mrs. Umabai Kundapur and others paid tributes to Dr. Hardiker's public work both for the Congress and other organisations.

Dr. Hardiker made a suitable reply.

Mr. M. Auzum, Mayor of Rangoon will be unable to attend the Conference of Mayors of India, Burma and Ceylon to be held in Madras in the first week of August.

COLOURED PAPER OR GENUINE CORK—
Which do you Smoke?
INSIST ON GENUINE CORK-TIPPED CIGARETTES!

2½ ANNAS FOR 10
PALACE CORK VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
and safeguard your health!
WALTHAM TOBACCO CO. London-England.

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Just start using a half-inch of Kolynos on a dry brush.
Soon you'll see the difference.
Your teeth will sparkle like a cinema star's.
BRIGHTEN your SMILE with KOLYNOS

SUBSCRIBE TO PROVIDE...
A SQUADRON OF FIGHTER PLANES FOR THE INDIAN AIR FORCE
No words are needed to emphasize the gravity of the situation. It is up to each one of us to rally to the supreme task of defending our country and to make ourselves STRONG. This is how you can help NOW:
MAKE A GENEROUS SUBSCRIPTION
MAKE A MONTHLY CONTRIBUTION
Subscriptions should be marked "Bombay War Gifts Fund" and sent to one of the following Banks:
THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA. THE BANK OF BARODA. THE BANK OF INDIA. THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA.
SUBSCRIBE TO PROVIDE FOR I.A.F.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1940.

# NON-VIOLENT RESISTANCE—II

Under the touching title, "A Cry in the Wilderness"? Gandhiji writes what promises to be the first of a series of articles in *Harijan* seeking to persuade the country to rely exclusively on non-violence not only in its struggle for freedom, but also in dealing with internal disorders and external aggression. And referring to his inability to persuade the Congress Working Committee to accept his advice in this matter, he says: "If I have the power to carry my experiment of ahimsa to success in an apparently new field, if my faith endures, and if I am right in thinking that the masses are fundamentally non-violent, Rajaji and the Sardar will again be with me as before." He particularly hopes that "every Gujarati Congressite—man and woman—will declare their adherence to *ahimsa* and reasure the Sardar that they will never resort to violence." All will wish him success in his mission not only in Gujarat but also throughout the country. But if the ideal is that a Congress Government should abjure the use of arms for all purposes, it is necessary that a good majority of Indians, and not merely Congressite Indians, should accept the ideal and all its implications. It is also necessary that a sufficiently large number of men and women must come forward to form a non-violent army. If there should be a satisfactory response to propaganda in this direction, propaganda in which all Congress workers should participate, it will be a pleasure as well as a duty for the Working Committee to revise its recent decision not to extend its policy of non-violence to new spheres.

## *A Misconception*

A misconception about the Working Committee's decision in this matter is possible. Some may wonder why the Committee cannot rely on complete non-violence in dealing with internal disorders if it can do so in dealing with an alien government. If that was the only question before the Committee the decision would have been materially different. Gandhiji himself bears testimony to the fact that though the Committee was not confident that the country could rely on non-violence in facing external aggression, it felt that "it might be possible for us to exercise *ahimsa* in internal disturbances". We ourselves very much wish that in dealing with all communal or class disturbances the Congress can and should rely exclusively on non-violence. Success in this sphere will be easier than in other untried ones and will proclaim to the whole world the potency of non-violence. It will thus help India to make further strides in the direction of non-violence.

## *Real Difficulty*

While on this subject, we must say a few words on Mr. K. G. Mashruwala's sympathetic criticism of our leading article on Non-violent Resistance wherein we unreservedly supported the Working Committee's recent decision about non-violence. He wonders "whether in case the British Government settles terms with the Congress and other aspirants for power, so that the Congress returns to office with the express programme of vigorously prosecuting the war, it will be in a position to say any longer that it is the champion of the "Daridranarayan." He fears that the war will inflict a terrible burden upon the poor, and Congress, under a settlement, would be party to it. So he concludes that "it is not merely the academic abandonment of non-violence, but also of its championship of the masses, that is going to take place, if the aspiration of the Working Committee succeeds." With regard to the description of the Congress as an "aspirant to power", it is, in the unsavoury sense in which it is generally used, both inaccurate and uncharitable. Mr. Mashruwala himself will realise this soon enough. As regards the argument that merely because participation in the war must involve heavy burdens on the poor, it must necessarily be inconsistent with the championship of the masses, it strikes us as a fallacy; just as it would be a fallacy to argue that to undertake a costly plan of combating an epidemic must be necessarily inconsistent with the championship of the poor. The point is that there is no alternative to the heavy cost, as things are. There would be no fallacy if it could be shown that a war could be won or an epidelic combated without heavy cost. If Mr. Mashruwala suggests that non-violent resistance can win the war without heavy cost, he either begs the question or unconsciously evades the real difficulty. He begs the question by assuming that non-violence will win the war, a thing that is under descussion and is yet to be proved. He evades the real difficulty because, even if non-violence can be assumed to win the war, the people have not yet developed capacity for non-violent resistance. With regard to our reference to the failure of Gandhiji's plan of peace brigades, Mr. Mashruwala says: "I wish you had not said anything about the peace brigade. Perhaps, you are not conscious of the censure implied in referring to its 'complete failure' on the common members of the Congress and the Gandhi Seva Sangh. If it did or does not come into being it was or is not for want of energetic effort on the part of Gandhiji, but of these two bodies, who for one reason or another could not make up their will to take it up." Our reference to the peace brigade was in the two sentences: "Gandhiji's suggestion of peace brigade to deal with communal riots has, in his own words, "completely failed" and, "if Gandhiji concentrates his energies in organising peace brigades and employs them to promote communal peace he may yet achieve a double miracle." We do not think this implies any "censure" on anybody any more than does Gandhiji's own reference to the failure of the plan. The very fact that we plead for the revival of the plan shows that we have faith in it and the many who have full confidence in the efficacy of non-violence.

# A Grave Protent

While the question of the Burma route is still under discussion, the Japanese have sprung another surprise in the form of an offensive against China's four remaining unoccupied ports. A notice was given to British shipping to leave the ports within twenty-four hours to avoid any damage. But, in spite of British protests, among other things, against the inadequacy of the notice, operations have already been started by Japanese warships and aircraft. What kind of situation do the Japanese intend to force so gratuitously?

As to the question of the Burma route—and, incidentally, of the report of British efforts to bring about a Sino-Japanese settlement—it is announced from London that what the solution which the British Government proposed was to restrict transport to China of certain categories of goods by the Burma road "for a period of three months and on condition that the period was used to reach an honourable settlement of bigger Far Eastern issues." It is also pointed out that British readiness to assist in a Far Eastern settlement is nothing new and that it has always been conditioned on Britain's services being acceptable. Comments and speculations on these diplomatic discussions and protests—including the one by the Chinese Government—have now been suddenly dominated by a new and very ominous development. A Tokyo report says that the Japanese Government has decided to resign. In view of the bellicosity of Army and Navy leaders and warlike demands of certain newspapers, this resignation may well portend very grave developments indeed within the next few days.

# Law Crumbs For The Motorist

*By JAL R. VIMADALAL.*

Under our Indian law, the holder of a temporary licence to drive a motor-car is not allowed to drive unless he has a holder of a permanent licence seated next to himself to supervise him. What then is the liability of this "superviser to a learner-driver" if the latter gets into an accident? One would have thought that the supervisor to a learner-driver would not incur any liability if he merely sat by and did not interfere to avert the accident. But the recent English case of Rubie v. Faulkher disillusions us when it lays down that the supervisor to a learner-driver must prevent the learner at the wheel from acting unskillfully or carelessly or in a manner likely to cause danger to others, and to that extent must participate in the driving. He is not entitled to sit passively and neither do nor say anything when it becomes apparent that the learner at the wheel is about to drive without due care and attention. If he does adopt that course, he is guilty of aiding and abetting the learner-driver in the commission of the offence of which he is guilty.

★

The black-out entailed by the War has given rise to some peculiar problems as far as the motorist is concerned. From this point of view, the recent decision of Their Lordships of the Privy Council is instructive, though in that case the accident occurred in New Zealand before the outbreak of the War and was not due to the operation of a black-out. The plaintiff while riding his motor-cycle came into collision with an unlighted stationary motor-car owned by the defendant. This car was standing at the side of the road facing in the same direction as that in which the plaintiff was travelling 30 yards beyond was another stationary car facing in the opposite direction, with its headlights on. The plaintiff reduced his speed from 30 m. p. h. to 25 m. p. h. and saw the Defendant's car too late after passing out of the beam of the headlights of the opposite car. He could not avoid the collision and sustained injuries in respect of which he brought this action. Their Lordships (in appeal) expressed the opinion that at night time the visibility of an unlighted obstruction must depend on a variety of facts. They further stated that there is no rule of law which in every case disqualifies a motorist from recovering damages where he has run into a stationary unlighted object, for it cannot be presumed that a careful driver was bound to see it in time to avoid it and therefore a driver must be guilty of negligence if he runs into it. Lord Roche who delivered the judgment of the Board, then examined the facts and allowed the appeal in favour of the injured motor-cyclist.

★

Parents very often lend their motor-cars to their sons but fortunately little do they realize the liability they impliedly undertake—otherwise perhaps many a young man would have to forego the facility of an automobile! In an English case decided in the current year,—a father lent his car to his son for the son's own purposes. The son by his own negligence caused the death of a passenger in the car. On an action brought against the father it was held that the father was not liable because at the material time the son was using the car neither as servant nor as agent of the father. There are observations in this case to the effect that agency was neither established nor negatived by the mere fact of the relationship of father and son but that the father might have been liable if the son had been driving his father's guests, or other persons for whose conveyance the father was under some moral or social duty.

This seems to be a clear statement of the law on the point. In another case a wife was held entitled to damages from her mother-in-law who owned the car, for injuries sustained through the negligence of her own husband who was driving the car as his mother's agent.

★

These then are some useful crumbs for the motorist. There is a class of motorists called "the knock-down motorists" who quite often find themselves face to face with Law. These will do well to remember that "negligence" means doing that which a reasonable man would not do, or, not doing what a reasonable man would do.

# Jinnah's Lapse Condemned

### Most Foul

The reply which Mr. Jinnah has given to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad about the Muslim League's probable attitude on the question of a composite cabinet at the Centre should be considered as the most foul and irrelevant that has marked any political controversy in recent years.

We do not know whether a theologian of world-wide repute can ever be a mere "show-boy" even of the Congress, but for mere show, vanity and exhibitions of wounded pique, who can beat Mr. Jinnah? His unfortunate colleagues of the League executive know even better than his political opponents. The venom of the reply can also be understood from the fact that Mr. Jinnah's nuisance and menace value has considerably fallen in the political market and he must somehow keep up a brave show even if it means that in the process he should reach his hand out to the weapon of personal abuse. It requires some effort to believe that Maulana Azad, as Mr. Jinnah says, has completely forfeited the confidence of Muslim India when Muslim Premiers, disgusted with Mr. Jinnah's policy, tactics and leadership, offer their emotional loyalty, if not intellectual support yet to the President of the Congress.—"National Herald"

### Reply Of Pettifogging Lawyer

The characteristically strident note struck by Mr. Jinnah in his reply to the telegram sent to him by the President of the Congress, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will not surprise those who have followed the level at which the President of the Muslim League has carried on political controversy in recent times. Mr. Jinnah has broken out into a crescendo of personal abuse of a revered leader belonging to his own community, thereby skilfully, as he doubtless thinks, side-tracking the straight issue raised in the Congress President's question, "Is it the position of the League that she cannot agree to any provisional arrangement not based on the two nations scheme?" Mr. Jinnah's reply is that of the pettifogging pleader who has no case—abuse of the other side.—"Hindu".

### Insolent Reply

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad must have been taken aback on perusing Mr. Jinnah's insolent and insulting reply to his request for the clarification of the Muslim League's position in view of the Congress Working Committee's resolution passed at Delhi. He has treated the Congress president as a pariah, an untouchable. Muslim culture is associated in the Indian mind with courtesy and good manners, but Mr. Jinnah has shown by the snub he has administered to Mr. Azad, who is a thorough gentleman, that he is lacking in both. His rudeness will be resented by every one who cares for the decencies of public life. We hope that after the latest rebuff the Congress leaders will not further demean themselves by attempting to hold converse with Mr. Jinnah.—"Leader".

### Meanness

Has Mr. Jinnah taken leave of his senses that he should address Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in the vile language of a hooligan seeking a quarrel? Maulana Abul Kalam Azad may, in Mr. Jinnah's eyes, be a renegade "seeking to do his worst against the League," but the point is that he approached Mr. Jinnah on behalf of the Congress to ascertain whether a provisional National Government could be made possible except on the premise of the two-nations' theory. He asked Mr. Jinnah to reply to him by wire for the sake of expeditious procedure, and the reply is a farrago of low abuse. The original enquiry had been marked confidential, and convention should have deterred Mr. Jinnah from making it the basis of a public attack. It was open to him to tell Maulana Abul Kalam Azad what his opinion was about him, but in respect of a correspondence meant to be confidential, it is meanness to disclose it without consent.—"Indian Express".

### A Boorish Reply

The strength of Mr. Jinnah's feelings about Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's part in the Indian National Congress does not excuse the boorishness of his reply to the latter's telegram asking for information concerning Muslim League policy. "Life is not so short but that there is always time enough for courtesy." Mr. Jinnah's refusal to answer one whom he believes to be a willing tool of non-Muslim interests would have lost nothing by being politely worded. And it might have produced a result in keeping with Mr. Jinnah's desire. However, the harm has been done.—"Madras Mail".

## The LL. B.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—From the results of the First LL.B. examination held by the Bombay University for the last time in April 1940 it will appear that of the 960 candidates who sat for the examination 587 have come out successful.

A closer analysis of the results will further reveal that of the 373 students who have failed over 300 had appeared for the first time, and in the event of the examination not being held again under the old rules these three hundred and odd candidates will have no second chance to try their luck with the result that all their money, time and energy in the pursuit of legal education will have wasted. This is really most unfortunate.

A student aught to be given a sufficient number of chances. It may be noted that when the Matriculation examination under the old rules was discontinued some four years back students were given several chances to appear for the examination before it was finally stopped. So also when Government had decided to replace the G. D. A. examination by the present R. A. examination they took care to provide ample opportunity for the candidates to try their luck.

Will not our University, then, hold the First LL.B. examination once more in October next to enable the unfortunate students to get through it and thus earn their as well as their parents' gratitude?.+Yours, etc..

Y. R. INGLE.

Dadar, June 23.

# Frankly Speaking

### Interesting Proposal

At the Pan-American Conference at Havana formal approval will probably be given to Cuba's suggestion that territories in the Western Hemisphere belonging to European countries conquered by Germany should be placed under the joint protection of all the American States. The principle which this proposal involves is an interesting corollary of the Monroe Doctrine and far-reaching, in its implication. Its immediate effect, however, will be to transfer Greenland and Martinique to the protection of the American States. But no international developments need be expected because Herr Hitler will most probably refrain from seriously objecting to the transfer—for the time being. But what happens to the French warships—there is some French gold also—lying in Martinique? Will they accept Pan-American control or make a dash for Europe and risk British action against them?

### Democratic Policy

The Democratic Convention reports suggest that President Roosevelt will consent to run for a third term if his nomination is unanimous. From the speeches in the Convention it is clear that important Democratic leaders are trying to secure such nomination. If they succeed, President Roosevelt will contest the presidential election with Mr. Wilkie and, from present accounts, his chances of success are much superior to those of the Republican candidate. As to policy, the "key-note" address by Mr. Bankhead constitutes certainly a very eloquent condemnation of Germany and a call for support to Britain—within the law and short of war. Such a support, if given wholeheartedly and fully, will be good enough provided the "law" is interpreted in the spirit in which Mr. Bankhead spoke. But a question of urgent importance is the policy of the U. S. A. in the Far East. Developments threaten to assume grave proportions there. What attitude will America adopt if Japanese expansionist drive in the South begins in right earnest?

### A Dangerous Precedent

The secret session of the Punjab Legislative Assembly held on Monday is, we believe, the first of its kind in the history of Indian Legislatures. Whether such a session is constitutional and whether the procedure followed in that connection is correct, are questions on which opinions must vary. But all should agree that the session is a dangerous precedent and a serious encroachment on the rights of the voters who have a right to know how far their representatives faithfully represent them. Only a one-sided version of the proceedings of the purdah session is given in the press. For while a long report is given of the Premier's speech, only the names of those who spoke on his resolution are given without even a brief summary of their speeches. This is grossly unfair and not calculated to increase the confidence of the people in a Government who repress secretly by jailing persons without a trial and suppress the best part of even the legislative proceedings about the repression. The Executive Committee of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party rightly characterizes the session as a back door method to stifle opposition.

### Unconvincing Defence

In such a session the Premier had no difficulty in getting a resolution passed which not only approved of the Government's policy of repression but also called upon it to pursue the same. The substance of his speech was that the victims of his repression were communists engaged in subversive activities and he defended his policy by quoting largely from Congress leaders' opinions on communists. We assume he has not punished any person merely for holding communistic views. As regards his charge of subversive activities, few will accept them without question in the absence of a regular trial. Quotations from Congress leaders' utterances, torn from their context cannot by themselves be conclusive. With regard, for instance, to the lengthy quotation from Pandit Jawaharlal's statement, nothing in that statement justifies the imprisonment of a communist without a trial.

### A Pioneer

The death of the Dowager Lady Cowasji Jehangir removes from the public life of Bombay a vigorous and dominating personality. She was one of the pioneers of social reform in our city and there was hardly a movement intended to secure the educational and social progress of women with which the late Dowager Lady Cowasji Jehangir was not actively associated. She died at an old age, rich in the service of the city and the esteem of its citizens which she had won and she leaves behind her an example that will, we have no doubt, stir many women to devote themselves to the causes which she held dear and served with devotion and zeal.

# TÊTE-A-TÊTE

### WITHOUT COMMENT

PRINCETON, July 15.

An invitation has been cabled jointly by the Princeton University Institute for advanced study and the Rockefeller Institute to the League of Nations to transfer its departments of economics, international health and opium control to Princeton.—Reuter.

* * * *

A deputation of three prominent Muslim Leaguers from the Punjab is to wait upon Mr. M. A. Jinnah to request him to reconsider the resolution banning members of the Muslim League from joining the war board or its Committees.

One of these three is—ready?—Doctor Mahomed Alam.

* * * *

Apropos of the Qaid-e-Azam's historic reply to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Doctor Mahmud is grieved, as an Indian Muslim, "that any person who calls himself a Muslim should lower the high ideals and culture of Islam in India and thus do injury to our great community."

Doctor Mahmud mustn't forget that Mr. Jinnah is the Qaid-e-Azam, the Fuehrer, that is, of "Islam in India."

* * * *

"I am quite sure," says Doctor Mahmud, "that in this he cannot represent any substantial numbers of members of the Muslim League."

Privately, perhaps no. Publicly, certainly yes.

* * * *

"It is time," adds Dr. Mahmud, "that Muslims in this country understood the real significance of what has been happening and whither they are being led."

Why, they are being led to a Pakistan where under the auspices of the Qaid-e-Azam, Muslims will enjoy a life of—culture and progress.

* * * *

A Democrat Leader describes President Roosevelt as "the man who can keep the Whitehouse as a lighthouse for humanity."

Humanity of the Western Hemisphere, isn't it?

* * * *

Mr. Cordell-Hull has announced that the U.S.A. will continue to pursue its separate and independent policy in the Far East.

The supplementary point was, of course, too minor to be mentioned: what exactly is the separate and independent policy.

* * * *

"All countries in the world must recognise in Japan a common enemy...." Kuomintang Manifesto.

But how can they since, for instance, Russia, the U.S.A. and Britain will have recognised themselves as common friends?

* * * *

The first American ship carrying food supplies for distribution among French people afflicted by war has reached Marseilles, says a report.

Then the Germans can have an extra shipload of the French people's food supplies with a clear conscience.

* * * *

20,000 Italian industrial workers are to be sent to Germany under an agreement between the German and Italian labour authorities.

Which, as you say, is a very apt and correct division of labour as between the Axis Partners.

* * * *

'Bow to the inevitable and pay your taxes with a smile.'

'I'd like to do that, but they insist on cash.'

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Success seldom comes to the man who isn't expecting it.

Many a man who refuses to believe the truth will swallow a lie.

Gossips have no use for people who refuse to furnish material for them.

A man often loses lots of money experimenting with schemes to make money without work.

Probably no one is jumped on so quickly or so hard as the minister who happens to stray from the straight and narrow path.

There are many young women in this country studying law at the present time. They probably expect to become mothers-in-law some day.

# Military Dictatorship For Japan

## Army Chiefs Depose Yonai Govt.: New National Structure To Meet Present Situation

*TOKYO, July 16.*

***The Cabinet has resigned.—Reuter.***

***MOVE FOR NEW POLITICAL STRUCTURE***

***The War Minister, Gen. Hata, called on the Prime Minister before the Cabinet resigned and told Admiral Yonai that the Army and Navy had decided in favour of a movement for "a new political structure."***

The events leading to the resignation of the Yonai Government are described by the Domei Agency, which states:

"Following a conference of three important Army Chiefs—Chief of General Staff, Superintendent-General of Military Education and the War Minister—the War Minister visited the Prime Minister" and is reported to have told the Premier that the Cabinet's co-operation in the formation of new political structure was "rather indifferent" and tendered his resignation.

Admiral Yonai thereupon invited the War Minister to name his successor, but the Minister said that the Army Chiefs had decided not to do so. Consequently Admiral Yonai decided to resign.

The Yonai Government struck a snag in the form of a new National Political Structure which, as advocated by Prince Konoye (Admiral Yonai's possible successor) and others had been envisaged as the means of pulling Japan successfully through her period of emergency."

URGENT TASK.

Conceding that the Cabinet has been credited with certain successes in policy, the Agency says that army circles none the less came to the conclusion that it was "the nation's urgent task to establish the so-called New National Political Structure which forms the only way for Japan in view of the stress of the situation at home and abroad, to carry out rearmament effectively, tighten State control of economy and renovate foreign policy with the construction of a New Order in East Asia as the ultimate objective.

This consensus of opinion was conveyed to Admiral Yonai by General Hata at a second interview."—Reuter.

### *NO OFFICIAL NEWS IN LONDON*

LONDON, July 16.

The news of the resignation is not yet officially received here, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent and it is impossible to tell at the present stage if it will have any effect on the course of negotiations.

Conversations continue between Sir Robert Craigie and Mr. Arita concerning Burma Road traffic to China.—Reuter.

### *POONA CONGRESSMAN ARRESTED*

POONA, July 16.

Mr. V. V. Sathe, a Congressman, has been arrested to-day under Rule 38 (5) of the Defence of India Rules in connection with a speech he is stated to have delivered at Poona on June 21 last.—A. P.

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# Lithuania Goes 'Red'

KAUNAS, July 16.

**It is announced that over 90 per cent of the voters in the Lithuanian Parliamentary elections favoured the United Pro-Soviet Working Peoples' list.**

**Kaunas workers to-day decided to elect local Soviet in eight town districts.—Reuter.**

### CHINA PROTESTS AGAINST BURMA ROAD CLOSURE

(Continued from page 1

an honourable settlement of bigger Far Eastern issues.

It is pointed out that Britain from the beginning of the China war has repeatedly made known her readiness to assist in a Far Eastern settlement on the condition that her services were acceptable and that any settlement reached should be on an equitable basis.

### *QUESTION IN LORDS*

In the House of Lords asked if Government could make a statement on the negotiations with Japan, particularly with regard to the Burma Road, Lord Cladecote, Dominions Secretary, said that Lord Halifax hoped to be in a position to make a statement on this matter in the very near future.

"I cannot bind myself to say it will be made to-morrow.

**It will be realised that the fall of the Japanese Government has added another complication to the position".**

### Statement To-day?

LONDON, July 16.

With regard to Lord Caldecote's announcement in the House of Lords, Reuter's lobby correspondent learns that a statement on the negotiations with Japan may be made in both Houses to-morrow.—Reuter.

### *JAPAN IS COMMON ENEMY OF WORLD*

A manifesto issued at the close of the Conference of the Kuomintang (the Chinese Government Party) at Shantung, confirms "the fixed national policy of carrying on the war without any thought of intermission until the enemy is driven from our soil," according to an official Chungking telegram received in London.

The manifesto proceeds to declare, "If Japan having set out on her course of boundless and selfish ambition is not checked, no other nation in the world will be able to preserve its rights and status in the Pacific and the Indian Ocean.

All countries in the world must recognise in Japan a common enemy and consequently the close relation between our resistance and world peace. Our three years' resistance has caused the enemy's strength rapidly to decline. The foundation for our victory is firmer than ever.

Henceforth we must intensify our political, economic and military struggle, acting with especial heed for what the Generalissimo tells and 'militarisation of all conduct'.—Reuter.

### *JAWAHAR'S WARNING TO BRITAIN*

#### *Peace Move In Far East May Be Betrayal Of China?*

LUCKNOW, July 16

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who is here in connection with the meeting of the Executive Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement to the Press, says:—

"The news about China is ominous. We were told recently that the British Government had agreed to close the Burma-China Road during monsoon. We are now informed that this Government are engaged in a peace move in the Far East.

**"Peace is preferable to war. But one is forcibly reminded of Sir Walter Runciman's mission and attempts to secure peace in Czechoslovakia two years ago, which resulted in the betrayal and enslavement of that country.**

"England may be in a perilous condition to-day, and it is easy to understand that she does not want further entanglements. But betrayal of China will not bring her relief. It will have far-reaching consequences affecting American opinion as well as Indian opinion.

"The policy of appeasement of an aggressor has proved to be disastrous in the past; it will not succeed now. It will expose still further the pretension that Britain fights for democracy, and confirm us in our resolve not to be a party to this. India and China are drawn close to one another, and they will hold together, for their interests are one."—United Press.

# U. P. Congress Meeting

### Discussion On Mass Arrest Of Workers

LUCKNOW, July 16.

The Council of the U. P. Congress Committee met this morning under the presidency of Mr. S. K. D. Palliwal, President. Among those who attended the meeting were Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Sampurnand, Acharya Narendra Deo and Pandit Keshav Dev Malaviya.

The meeting adopted a resolution congratulating Dr. Atal on his successful medical mission to China.

It is understood that the meeting considered in detail the present political situation in the country. It is believed that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru explained at length the significance of the last working committee's resolution and the circumstances leading to its adoption at Delhi.

The Council of the U.P. P.C.C. which met to-day resolved that they have noted the arrest of Congress workers engaged in carrying on the programme of the Congress generally under the Defence of India Act and the sentences imposed upon them, as also the treatment accorded to them. The Council congratulated the workers and enjoined upon all Congress Committees the necessity of unremittingly carrying on the Congress work and maintaining Congress discipline.

By another resolution the committee protested against the manner of realizing contributions to the various war loans started by the Government, holding that it ran counter to the declared policy of the Government, as explained by accredited spokesmen.

The council appointed a subcommittee consisting of Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Mr. Chandra Bhan Gupta and Pandit Keshav Malaviya to collect information on this point and to make recommendations in this regard.

The following resolution congratulating Dr. Atal was passed by the council.

The council of the U.P., Provincial Congress Committee cordially welcomed back home Dr. Madan Mohan Atal, the leader of the Congress Medical Mission to China, who for twenty months, through continuous danger and difficulty served the afflicted people of China and brought the healing hand of India to bear on the relief of the suffering and the wounded Dr. Atal has proved a true ambassador of international solidarity in Spain and China and demonstrated that the people of India labour for the real co-operation of all freedom loving people of the world.

### *LATE DOWAGER LADY COWASJI JEHANGIR*

BOMBAY, Tuesday

The funeral ceremony of the late Lady Dhunbai Cowasji Jehangir whose death occurred on Monday, was performed at 8 a.m. this morning, according to Zoroastrian rites.

The funeral was attended by thousands of citizens belonging to all communities. Among those who attended the ceremony were Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji, Mayor of Bombay, Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Sir H. P. Modi, Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Mr. A. G. Grey, Rev. Dr. John MacKenzie, Mr. M. N. Cama, and Mr. T. R. N. Cama.

Hundreds of motor cars were seen parked along the road from Gowalia Tank to Napean Sea Road and a special police arrangement had made to regulate the traffic, when the funeral procession was passing from the residence of the deceased lady to the Tower of Silence.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir was the chief mourner at the funeral.

# Lok. Tilak Anniversary

### Maulana Abul Kalam To Preside Over Azad Maidan Meeting

The details of the programme to be followed in connection with the Tilak anniversary were discussed at a meeting of Congress workers at the Congress House.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai presided. The programme will include a procession to the Tilak Statue Chowpatty, in the morning a flag salutation and a public meeting at the Azad Maidan in the evening which the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad will address. The Maulana is expected to arrive in Bombay on 30th instant. An official welcome will be accorded to him by the B. P. C. C. and he will be carried to the Congress House in a procession.

Besides the programme mentioned above a public meeting will also be held on the night of August first in North Bombay.

### COALITION MOVE IN ORISSA

#### 'Assembly Coalition Party' To Be Formed With 6 Ministers

CUTTACK, July 16.

It is understood that the formation of a Coalition Ministry in Orissa is a settled fact, and the Raja Bahadur of Kallikote (Opposition) and Mr. Godavarish Mishra (Congress) are likely to interview His Excellency the Governor in this connection either to-day or to-morrow.

The new party will be known as the Assembly Coalition Party and six Ministers will be appointed, three of whom will be Congress. On the Congress side, Mr. Godavarish Mishra is sure to be in the Ministry, while on behalf of the Nationalist Party, which mostly consists of Opposition members, the Raja Bahadur of Kallikote is a likely choice.

The policy of the new party will be determined by a small committee consisting of members of both parties, and it will fully support the efforts and defence measures.—United Press.

### *KALLIKOTE OPTIMISTIC*

CUTTACK, July 16.

With regard to the formation of a Coalition Ministry, Pandit Godavarish Mishra, in a Press interview, said: "It is too early to make any statement."

It seems the resolution deciding coalition with Congressmen, which was passed late last night at the Opposition Party meeting, did not reach formally Mr. Mishra till 10 a.m. to-day, and he is waiting for the same.

CONGRESS MEMBERS CONFER.

Other members of the Assembly Congress Party, who are present at Cuttack, conferred together at Mr. Nityananda Kanungoe's residence. A statement on behalf of the Party is likely to be issued shortly. Mr. Biswanath Das, leader of the Congress Party, has been wired to come immediately.

Interviewed by the "United Press", the Raja Bahadur of Kallikote said: "I am glad to say that we have arrived at a workable understanding with those members of the Congress, who are coming forward to throw their weight and support for a coalition. The main consideration with the Opposition was to extend support which the Congress members would be willing to give to our war efforts. Now that the Congress members have agreed to put forth greater efforts for the prosecution of the war and speedy success of the British arms, I think the coalition which we are attempting will be a success. Details are still being worked out."—United Press.

### *COALITIONISTS SEE GOVERNOR*

CUTTACK, July 16.

Pandit Godavaris Misra and the Raja Bahadur of Khalikote saw His Excellency the Governor of Orissa at 7-30 this evening. The interview lasted over an hour.

The subject discussed during the interview is not disclosed, but informed circles believe that it related to the move of the Nationalist Party in the Provincial Assembly towards the formation of a coalition ministry.

Though no definite idea can yet be formed of the personnel of the proposed ministry, the names prominently mentioned in this connection are those of Pandit Godavaris Misra as the Premier, Mr. Jadumani Mangaraj, an ex-Parliamentary Secretary, Mr. Jagannath Das, the Raja Bahadur of Khalikote, Rai Bahadur M. G. Patnaik, and Mr. A. S. Khan.

The first three belong to the Congress, and the last named is an independent, while the rest are members of the Nationalist Party.—A. P.

# R. A. F. Raid On Tobruk

### Barracks And Buildings At Diredawa Suffer Direct Hits

CAIRO, July 16.

An R. A. F. Communique says "Another successful raid was carried out on Tobruk. Many bombs burst in the target area, two large naval oil tanks suffering direct hits. A second explosion was much bigger than the first.

ATTACK ON ARTILLERY STORES

Blenheims attacked large artillery stores at Bardia, scoring direct hits.

Other aircraft raided Elguzala successfully attacking aircraft on ground, but the full extent of the damage is not yet known.

Military camps at Elfaidia were bombed. One aircraft failed to return.

Direct hits were registered on barracks and buildings at Diredawa and considerable damage effected. Subsequently a bomb dump, south of Assab, was attacked. All aircraft had returned.

The South African Air Force raided a military-occupied village, south of Moyale, scoring ten direct hits on the village and a body of native troops. We suffered no casualties.—Reuter.

### *FIFTY BOMBS ON HAIFA*

CAIRO, July 16.

To-night's war "communique" states:—In the Western Desert, artillery fire again forced the enemy motorised transport columns attempting to enter Capruzzo to withdraw with the loss of one vehicle. A petrol and ammunition dump at Capruzzo was set on fire.

During the first air raid on Palestine, enemy planes dropped fifty bombs on Haifa without obtaining direct hits and there were two casualties.

During the night of Sunday and Monday, the garrison at Moyale had successfully withdrawn. In Somaliland, a night raid on an Italian post at Gamuk drew enemy reinforcements for a counter-attack, which suffered casualties before patrol of the camel corps withdrew.—Reuter.

### *Withdrawal From Turkhana*

NAIROBI, July 16.

A Communique says: Yesterday was quiet on northern frontier of the district.

Our troops in Turkhana having completed their task of wrecking an enemy post at Namaraputh withdrew.—Reuter.

### *Bombs Dropped Over Haifa*

JERUSALEM, July 16.

It is officially announced that twenty high explosive bombs were dropped during yesterday's raid in the Haifa area. Slight material damage was done. Two people were seriously injured one of whom has since died. Some were slightly injured.—Reuter.

### Emissaries To Governor Again

It is understood that Pandit Godavaris Misra and the Raja Bahadur of Khalikote may see the Governor again to-morrow morning.

It is learnt that in addition to the proposed ministry, the question of readjustment of the provincial budget and other relevant matters were under discussion during to-night's interview.—A. P.

### Minorities' Ministry In C.P.

NAGPUR, July 16.

Mr. G. S. Pagey, M.L.A., who wrote to the Secretary of State for India seeking permission to form an alternative Minority Ministry in the Central Provinces and Berar, has received the following reply from the private secretary of the Secretary of State:—dated London, June 6:—

"Mr. Amery wishes me to thank you for your letter. He has no doubt that you will place your views on these matters before His Excellency the Governor."

It is understood that Mr. Pagey wrote saying that the minorities in the province should be given a chance to form a Ministry on the lines of Assam, and assuring that in six months the Ministry would be able to command a majority in the Assembly.

Mr. Pagey is shortly writing to His Excellency the Governor in this connection.

It may be recalled that Dr. N. B. Khare, former Premier, saw Sir Francis Wylie, then Governor, at Pachmarhi in May last in the same connection.—United Press.

# No Evacuation Of British Children Abroad

### Over-riding Demands Of National Security Necessitate Concentration Of Naval Forces In Britain, Says Attlee In Commons

In the House of Commons, at question time, Mr. Eden said that it was very desirable to make public statements about details of defence schemes, but he assured the House that the plans included all protective measures that were practicable and made the best use of the country's resources.

Local defence volunteers were encouraged to use their own initiative and military knowledge, but independent construction of defence works except in conformity with the general plan could do more harm than good.

In some cases, private individuals had erected defence works without consulting the military authorities, and many of them had to be dismantled, as they were ill-suited.

A member suggested that if a thousand German cyclists were riding over the country, Local Defence Volunteers would not have time to consult the military authorities.

Mr. Eden: I do not share his apprehension for the thousand German cyclists or of a much smaller number.

NAZI AGENT MEXICO?

Asked in the House of Commons if he was aware that a high-placed German official had recently arrived in Mexico, and if effective steps were being taken to counteract his activities, Mr. R. A. Butler in a written reply said that he had no authoritative information of the arrival of such an official in Mexico and added: "in any case, British representatives in neutral countries watch closely for any anti-British propaganda put out by enemy agents, and can be relied on to take all steps that lie in their power to counteract such activities."

In reply to another question about Mexico, Mr. Butler said that the British Government was considering the terms of their reply to the recent indirect approach from the Mexican Government. Consideration was also being given to the best means of entering into direct contact with the Mexican Government.

HONOURS' LIST

Replying to a question as to why the King's Birthday Honours' list was not published in full in the British press on July 11, Mr. Attlee said paper restrictions made it impossible for a number of newspapers to publish the full list. No application had been made for an increase in the number of pages allowed under the order.

ACTION ON FRENCH CREDITS

Asked in the House of Commons what steps were taken to prevent French credits in British banks from becoming available to Germany or Italy through French channels, the Chancellor of the Exchequer said: "immediately on the Capitulation of the French Government, banks were warned that no withdrawals from French accounts would be allowed subject to certain well-defined exceptions so that money should not become available to the enemy. The trading with the Enemy Act applies to enemy occupied territory as well as enemy territory and by a recent order it is applied to Algeria, Tunis etc.

Sir Kingsley Wood added that arrangements were being made to enable the French refugees in this country to have access to their banking accounts.

NO EVACUATION OF CHILDREN ABROAD

In the course of a long statement on the transfer of children abroad, Mr. Attlee said that Government were not prepared to take the responsibility of sending children without protection which could not be provided under the present conditions.

Government feel strongly the responsibility which rests upon them, to see that any children who go overseas under a Government scheme should have such naval protection as would reasonably ensure the safety of their passage during the voyage. The fate of the "Arandora Star" shows that even a fast passenger vessel cannot always rely on her speed for safety if not escorted.

Unfortunately, a radical change in the situation since the applications were first invited occurred, as a result of the loss of the services of a large part of the French fleet. In the present circumstances, it is essential to concentrate our whole naval forces on the task of meeting the overriding demands of national security. It is this consideration alone that has forced the Government reluctantly to the conclusion that they must postpone the operation of the scheme for the passage of children overseas, until the situation at sea enables them to provide naval escort for ships employed for this purpose.

Mr. Lunn (Labour):—"Is Mr. Attlee aware that it is commonly held in the country that now that you have got some thousands of rich peoples' children away overseas, there will be no opportunity for the children of elementary schools"?

Mr. Attlee:—"No, Mr. Lunn is mistaken."

NOT GOOD AS EXHIBITS.

Nearly all enemy aircraft brought down in this country are so extensively damaged as to be useless for exhibition, declared Captain Balfour, under Secretary for Air, in reply to a question in the House of Commons. Those more or less intact were required for examination and experimental purposes, and therefore it was not possible to adopt the suggestion that these planes should be exhibited in various parts of the country.

# Foreign Ships Held Up

### Sequel To Occupation Of Chikang And Fukien Ports By Japan

TOKYO, July 16.

According to a field despatch a Japanese naval force at dawn to-day launched fresh operations in Hangchow Bay, several islands in this region being occupied.

A telegram from a Japanese source in Shanghai states that following the Japanese closure of the ports in the Chikang and Fukien Provinces all foreign vessels scheduled to sail from Shanghai for Ningpo have cancelled their departure.—Reuter.

### *JAPANESE BLOCKADE STARTS*

**SHANGHAI, July 16.**

**Japanese warships and aircraft began operations this morning in Hangchow bay area in accordance with the blockade decision.**

Yesterday the Japanese authorities had requested British shipping to leave China's four remaining unoccupied coastal ports—Foochow, Santuao, Wenchow, and Ningpo.

The reason given was that the Japanese intended to start action against these ports on July 16 after which they would not assume responsibility for any damage.

### *Notice Of Operations Against Chinese Ports Inadequate*

**SHANGHAI, July 15.**

**The British authorities have informed the Japanese authorities that their notice of impending operations against China's remaining unoccupied ports as inadequate and the Japanese must accept full responsibility for any loss or damage suffered by British ships during operations.**

A statement issued by the British Embassy says the British authorities also protested against the inclusion of a number of important typhoon anchorages in the area mentioned pointing out that the typhoon season was now in progress and it was essential for ships to take refuge in these recognised anchorages and adding that the Japanese authorities would be held responsible for any loss or damage to British ships resulting from typhoons which may occur while ships are unable to take shelter.—Reuter.

### Internees In Britain

In the House of Commons, Captain Peake, Under-Secretary of Home Office, in a written reply stated that according to the latest available information, 12,500 men and 3,800 women ae now interned in this country, and some 7,500 male civilian internees had been sent overseas.

### *DEBATE IN LORDS*

LONDON, July 16.

The House of Lords debated at length the position of British subjects with accounts in branches of British Banks in France.

Lord Simon, said that he realised there were very hard cases. "I cannot accept that this is a responsibility of His Majesty's Government. It cannot be said that the British taxpayer ought to be responsible for the most unhappy results due to the onrush of the invasion of Germany over the continent of Europe". The only effectual remedy was surely the remedy of defeating the Germans and thus securing the fruits of victory.

# Defence Act Active In Bengal

## SECRETARY OF SUSPENDED B. P. C. C. ARRESTED: HOUSE SEARCHES, QUIT ORDERS & RESTRICTIONS GALORE

*CALCUTTA, July 16.*

***Mr. Anil Chandra Roy, Officiating Secretary of the Suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee was taken into custody this morning under the Defence of India Rules and has been removed to the Presidency Jail for detention.***

Mr. Haripada Bose, Assistant Secretary of the Central Calcutta Congress Committee, was arrested to-day under the Defence of India Rules.

HOUSE SEARCHES.

The office of the B.P.C.C. (suspended), the residences of Shreemati Hema Probha Majumdar, member of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, Shreemati Bimal Pratibha Devi and other places were searched by the police. A list of executive members and some pamphlets are reported to have been taken away from the first place.

QUIT ORDERS.

Orders were passed on six persons under the Defence of India Rules directing them to leave Calcutta and not to enter Calcutta, 24-Parganas, Hooghly and Howrah districts, and Asansol and Midnapur sub-divisions.

RESTRICTIONS ON POLITICAL WORKERS.

Under the Defence of India Rules, orders were passed on the following restricting their activities: Mr. Ashutosh Singh, Assistant Secretary of the Tipperah District Congress Committee. Mr. Hirendra Nandi, Secretary of the Tipperah Forward "Bloc," Mr. Jogesh Chakraborty, Assistant Secretary of the Assam-Bengal Railway Employees' Association, Mr. Biswa Sen, Assistant Secretary of the Tipperah Forward "Bloc", Mr. Manoranjan Roy, Assistant Secretary of the Tipperah District Students' Federation, and Mr. Anil Adhikari.

### BAN ORDER ON EX-DETENU

***Mrs. Bimal Pratibha Devi, Suspended B. P. C. C.'s Vice-Chief***

CALCUTTA, July 16.

An order under the Defence of India Rules was served by the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, on Mrs. Bimal Pratibha Devi, an ex-detenu and one of the Vice-Presidents of the Suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, this afternoon, directing her not to take part in public processions, assembly and meetings for a period of one year.

HOUSE SEARCHED

In the morning the special branch of the Calcutta police searched her residence and later took her to the special branch headquarters in Elysium Row for examination.

BAN ORDER

By another order served on her in the morning, Mrs. Bimal Pratibha Devi was directed not to enter the Districts of Howrah and Hooghly.—A. P.

### HOLWELL SATYAGRAHA

***Twelve Arrested: Fifty-two On Trial***

CALCUTTA, July 16.

Two batches of Satyagrahis, numbering twelve, were arrested this evening in quick succession in connection with the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument.

Fifty-two Satyagrahis, including six women, arrested yesterday in connection with the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument, were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate this afternoon. The Magistrate ordered them to be remanded in custody and fixed the hearing of their cases for July 19.—A. P.

### *Sentence Reduced In Appeal*

CALCUTTA, July 16.

The High Court to-day reduced the sentence of one year's rigorous imprisonment passed on Rabindra Mohan Goswami under the Defence of India Rules for the possession of a proscribed copy of a journal entitled 'National Front' by the Sub-Divisional Officer at Comilla, to six months. The fine of Rs. 50 inflicted on him by the trial court was set aside.

### *QUIT ORDERS IN ALLAHABAD*

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, July 16.

Eight persons had been already arrested under Sec. 129 of the Defence of India Rules and they were detained in the jail. But now notices have been served on them in jail, externing they shall leave Allahabad and Sub-Rule 1, of Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules.

The externment Order states, thy shall leave Allahabad and report to the Deputy Superintendent of Police the date and time of their intended departure and their new address. They are further ordered to report their movements to the Officer-in-Charge of the police station or stations, where they would subsequently go.

### *CONGRESS PARTY WHIP ARRESTED*

JHANSI, July 16.

Mr. R. V. Dhulekar, M.L.A., whip of the Congress Assembly Party in the U. P. and Mr. Sukhanandan Vyas, Editor of "Jansangram", a local weekly, were arrested to-day under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

### *Burma Legislator's Sentence Reduced*

RANGOON, July 16.

Mr. Justice Mya Bu has passed judgment on the appeal of U. Chit Pe, member of the House of Representatives, who was convicted and sentenced by the second additional special power Magistrate, Katha, to 3-1/2 years' rigorous imprisonment for attempting to murder one Ah Nan. He appealed to the Sessions Judge, Shwebo, who upheld the conviction but reduced the sentence to 2-1/2 years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 150.

His Lordship altered the conviction to one of causing a rash and negligent act under Sec. 338 of the Penal Code and sentenced U Chit Pe to suffer nine months' rigorous imprisonment and also to pay a fine of Rs. 500 or in default to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

### *Jailed For Importing Enemy Products*

RANGOON, July 16.

Having been found guilty of importing 30,000 fluits of German manufacture across the land frontier at Myaeaddy, Nga Tun Mya was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment under Defence of Burma Rules by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Kawkareik. The flints have been confiscated.

## BAN ON MAYOR OF HOWRAH

### Sequel To Alleged Obstruction To Public Thoroughfare

CALCUTTA, July 16.

On the complaint of the police, the Sub-Divisional Officer of Howrah issued orders to-day under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. restraining the Chairman of the Howrah Municipality, Mr. B. P. Pain, M. L. A., the Secretary of the Municipality, and seven others from making any use of a plot of land on a public thoroughfare.

It is alleged that the Municipality had dug a ditch at this place and erected a fencing thereby causing obstruction to public thoroughfare and danger to human safety, which was calculated to cause severe disturbance of public tranquillity.

The Secretary of the Municipality, in a petition to the Magistrate, maintained that the order was not valid in law, in as much as the road was Municipal property, and the question of encroachment did not arise. He further stated that the place was dug in order to improve the drainage system of the Municipality and when the work was completed, the road surface would be rendered as before.

No orders have yet been passed on the petition of the Secretary.—A. P.

## Over 300 Enrolled As Civic Guards In City

### 200 Applications Rejected Out Of 1,120 Received: More Coming In

The total number of Civic Guards enrolled up-to-date is 306. Of the 55 applicants who were called up for medical examination on Monday, 45 were selected.

So far 1,120 applications have been received of which some 200 have already been rejected.

More applications are coming in every day.

### LOYAL OFFERS FROM WAZIRISTAN

#### A Malik Prepared To Raise 20,000 Men

Maliks of the Manzai Mahsuds, Shingi Mahsuds, Mahsuds of Makin and Abdullai Mahsuds in the South Waziristan Agency have offered their own services to Government and have also offered to recruit Mahsuds to resist German or Russian aggression.

An important Malik named Musa Khan of the Abdullai Mahsuds has offered to raise an army of 20,000 Mahsuds in such an emergency.

While visiting the Hassan Khel tribe at Mackeson Fort, the Deputy Commissioner, Peshawar, was handed a petition signed by about ten Maliks in which they reiterated their loyalty assistance and firm adherence to the British Government.

### Plea For Compulsory Military Training In University

LUCKNOW, July 16.

Alala Hariram Seth, Taluqdar of Maurwanhas has tabled a motion before the University Executive Council for providing compulsory military training in the University. The resolution reads:—

That it is high time that compulsory military training is introduced for all male students studying in this University. It is further resolved that a Committee of seven be appointed to consider the question in order to take immediate steps to launch the scheme.—A. P.

### Burma War Donation

RANGOON, July 16.

The Burma War donation now totals Rs. 12,97,307-7-11. This sum includes the handsome donations of Rs. 5,00,000 by the Rangoon Turf Club and Rs. 1,33,-565-3-0 by the Commissioners of the Port of Rangoon.—A. P.

HINDU SANGHATANISTS & WAR COMMITTEES

LUCKNOW, July 16.

A decision to join War Committees and enlist as Civic Guards was taken at a meeting of the Hindu Sanghatan Committee held here yesterday under the Presidency of Dr. Sir J. P. Srivastava at his residence.

It was also decided that able-bodied Hindu Sanghatanists should get themselves recruited in the Regular Army and the Air Force.—A. P.

£5,000 FOR WAR FUND.

COLOMBO, July 16.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie De Saram have donated a further sum of £5,000 to the war fund making a total of £10,000 in less than a month.—A. P.

### *Red Cross Call For Comforts For Soldiers Overseas*

LAHORE, July 16.

"Don't send them fireworks on the occasion of Shab-i-Barat, as they have seen them on a much larger scale than dreamt of by any one here in India, but send them comforts such as cigarettes, biscuits, tea, crystallized and preserved fruits, razors, blades, combs, towels, soap and hair-oil etc." says a Press Communique issued by the Punjab Red Cross appealing to Muslims and other Punjabis to remember on the occasion of the Shab-i-Barat, the Muslim soldiers now overseas.

The festival of Shab-i-Barat falls on September 17.—A. P.

### *Punjab University Gives Facilities*

LAHORE, July 16.

The Punjab University has decided that a student who owing to the war, has not been able to continue or resume his studies abroad shall be given facilities for admission at an appropriate stage in the institutions affiliated to this university.—A. P.

### *Defence Of India Rules Against Lorry-Drivers*

PESHAWAR, July 16.

Seven people were arrested last night by the C. I. D. police here under the Defence of India Rules. Of them two were lorry-drivers.

It is stated that some papers were taken away by the C. I. D. for examination.—United Press.

MONSOON ACTIVE IN MALABAR AND KONKAN.

POONA, July 16.

Monsoon has been active in Chota Nagpur, United Provinces, east Central India, east Punjab, east Rajputana, west Central Provinces, Konkan and Malabar. Local showers also occurred in west Punjab, North-West Frontier Provinces, west Rajputana and Gujarat, while a few falls are reported in Assam, Bengal, Orissa, west Central India, east Central Provinces, Bombay Deccan and north Madras coast.—A. P.

SOCIALIST LEADER ARRESTED.

ELLORE, July 15.

Mr. Garapati Satyanarayana, ex-Secretary of the District Congress Socialist Party and ex-President of the Ellore Jute Workers' Union was arrested this afternoon under the Defence of India Act.—A. P.

The Revenue from customs duty on Wireless reception instruments and apparatus and from licence fees maintains an upward tendency.—United Press.

## The Half-Column By "Dim"

At least day by day Marshal Petain acquires new powers, which is the least he can do.

Bombay will soon be having its motor car. Fancy seing your friends drive past in their new Walchand Six.

One records with sorrow the death of Dowager Lady Cowasji Jehangir. She was a much loved person in her community—almost a Victorian and for the community a sort of emblem of tradition and progress. She had taken part in many of the community's achievements and one is proud to say that she could look back over the years with a feeling that she, too, had marched with the times. One by one these great landmarks of that generation are passing away. Let us pray that they will find the peace which seems to be dead in this world at the moment.

President Roosevelt will only accept if he is unanimously elected. I wish he would not stand on ceremonies, when the future of the world is at stake.

Britain warns Japan—"naughty, naughty", said the British Foreign Minister.

### *A.I.S.A. HEAD-QUARTERS NOW AT WARDHA*

AHMEDABAD, July 16.

The All-India Spinners' Association states:—

The head-quarters of the All-India Spinners' Association have been shifted from Ahmedabad to Wardha on account of ill-health of Mr. Shankerlal Banker, the Hon. Secretary of the Association. Mr. Shrikrishnadas Jaju has been elected Secretary of the Association and for his convenience it was resolved to shift the head-quarters.

The Research Workshop of the Association will, however, continue to run at Ahmedabad, and all correspondence meant particularly for the Research Workshop should be addressed to the Supervisor, Research Workshop, A.I.S.A. Mirzapur Road, Ahmedabad.—A. P.

### INDIANS IN NATAL

#### Increased Provision For Education

SIMLA, July 16.

The "United Press" learns that as a result of representations made by the Agent-General for India in the Union of South Africa in April last, the Natal Provincial Council are contemplating an additional sum of 8,000 pounds for the development of Indian education during 1940-41.

### *MR. BAZMI INTER-VIEWS JAWAHAR*

BHOPAL, July 16.

Mr. Abu Sayad Bazmi, member of the Bhopal Legislative Council, arrived here after interviewing Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the General Secretary of the Central India States' People's Conference. He acquainted them with the present political situation in Bhopal.

Mr. Bazmi has been nominated to act as General Secretary of the Bhopal State People's Conference.—United Press.

### *More Trade Restrictions*

SIMLA, July 16.

A notification in a Gazette of India Extraordinary prohibits the export to Algeria, Tunis or French Morocco of goods, the export of which is prohibited to enemy countries, unless they are covered by a special permit issued by the Commerce Department Government of India.—A. P.

MUTT AND JEFF—This Fight Turned Out to be Only a Spelling Bee — By BUD FISHER

THAT KID FROM HOWARD'S HAS BEEN SCORING HIGH IN SPELLING MY LESSONS DROPPED THAT NOTE! I THINK HIS FATHER WROTE IT!
Son:- Keep away from that dope Mutt, his Mom and his old man is just plain dumbells!
I'LL FIND OUT QUICK!
DID YOU WRITE THAT NOTE?
DON'T GET SO EXCITED, SIR! WAIT, I'LL GET MY SPECTACLES SO I CAN SEE IT!
WELL COME ON, DID YOU WRITE IT?
YES, I WROTE IT! WHY?
YOU SPELLED DUMBBELLS WRONG! IT'S SPELLED WITH TWO "BS"!
4-10

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"What do you think?"

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—G. F. J.

For Inner Cleanliness be regular with your

ANDREWS LIVER SALT *The Ideal Tonic Laxative*

# MUSLIMS REPUDIATE JINNAH

## No Right To Speak For Entire Community

### WIDESPREAD INDIGNATION AT INSULT TO MAULANA AZAD

THE RUDENESS WITH WHICH MR. JINNAH, THE PRESIDENT OF THE MUSLIM LEAGUE, CHOSE TO TREAT THE COURTEOUS INQUIRY MADE BY MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD, THE PRESIDENT OF THE INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS, HAS ROUSED WIDESPREAD INDIGNATION AMONG MUSSALMANS ALL OVER THE COUNTRY.

TO THE STATEMENTS ISSUED BY MR. ASAF ALI, DR. SYED MAHMUD, AND A HOST OF OTHER PROMINENT MUSLIMS IN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE COUNTRY GIVING EXPRESSION TO THE FEELINGS OF INDIAN MUSSALMANS, THE INDEPENDENT MUSLIM CONFERENCE, "THE KHILAFAT" AND MR. MAHOMEDBHOY ROWJEE HAVE ADDED THEIRS.

### NO RIGHT TO REPRESENT MUSLIMS

#### Challenge To Jinnah

NEW DELHI, July 15.

The central office of the All-India Independent Muslims Conference has issued a statement to the Press in the course of which it says:—

"The publication of the latest communications between Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Mr. Jinnah reveals a state of affairs which makes it incumbent on all Mussalmans outside the League and they definitely and positively constitute the bulk of the Muslim population of India to declare once for all that Mr. Jinnah has no right to speak in the name of all the Indian Mussalmans. While every attempt to bring about an honourable understanding between different political organisations, or between different Indian communities must be approvingly appreciated by all those who desire to see the political tangle finally solved, no attempt is ever likely to bear fruit if determined irreconcilables are expected to see reason.

Independent Muslims have every right to claim to-day that they represent by far the largest bulk of the Indian Muslims, who while they are determined to see all the just claims and rights of the Muslim community settled beyond cavil or doubt, will not allow the destiny of the country and of the Muslim community irretrievably jeopardised by the irreconcilable attitude of the President of the League."

Proceeding the statement says: 'It is clear as daylight that by far the largest bulk of Indian Muslims can have no faith in the judgment of one, who has made it impossible for the organisation he seeks to represent to conclude any political understanding provisional or final with any other political body. It was this attitude of the League President which even those who disagreed with him in the League hesitated to condemn openly, that supplied the motive power of independent Muslims to co-ordinate their activities to provide a platform for all who found no good coming out of Mr. Jinnah's attitude."

Independent Muslims undeniably represent the bulk of Indian Mussalmans and they emphatically challenge Mr. Jinnah's pretension to speak for Indian Muslims the statement concludes.—United Press.

BABY'S COLDS

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VICKS VAPORUB

### Jinnah Has Begun Destruction Of Jinnah Legend

SANTINIKETAN, July 16.

"Mr. Jinnah has himself begun destroying the great Jinnah legend, firstly by the Deliverance Day, then the Pakistan Scheme, and now this uncommonly rude reply to the Congress President", stated Mr. Yusuf Meherally, General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party, in a press interview here.

He added: "Maulana Abul Kalam Azad by his great learning, charm of personality and selfless service, is to-day the President of the most powerful organisation in the country. For Mr. Jinnah, the Head of another great organisation, to speak in the language he has chosen to do, shows that now he is at the end of his political resources, and is resorting to abuse, to bolster up a weak case."

Mr. Meherally left for Fyzabad to-day to meet Acharya Narendra Deo. Before his departure he had an interview with Dr. Rabindanath Tagore.—A. P.

### Jinnah's Reply To Azad Condemned

PESHAWAR, July 16.

Speaking at a meeting held under the auspices of the District Congress Committee Mr. Abdul Qaiyum, M.L.A. (Central) condemned the tone of Mr. Jinnah's reply to Moulana Abul Kalam Azad.

He moved a resolution urging upon the Indian National Congress to bang the door of negotiations on Mr. Jinnah unanimously.

Mian Jaffarvshah M.L.A. ex-President of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, explained the resolution of the Congress Working Committee. Arbab Abdur Rehman, M.L.A. presided.—A. P.

### "Un-Islamic"

In the course of an editorial, the daily "Khilafat," Bombay, writes:—

"It was the duty of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad to elicit the opinion of Mr. Jinnah on the resolution of the Congress Working Committee and that is what he did.

"Maulana Azad did not make this enquiry in his personal capacity but in his official position as the President of the Congress. The reply of Mr. Jinnah also should not have been personal but the official reply of the Muslim League President. It was a question of principle and the reply too should have been on principle. The question was brief and could have been replied as briefly. It is a pity that Mr. Jinnah gave a personal colour to Maulana Azad's enquiry and, ignoring the core of the matter at issue, attacked Maulana Azad's personality and personal conduct and for this purpose used unkind words and a bitter tone.....The words in which Mr. Jinnah has chosen to address a distinguished contemporary of equal status can never be liked by conservative Muslims who are used to test the conduct of their leaders on the touchstone of Islamic conduct and the moral precepts of the Prophet Mohamed.....We are particularly grieved when we compare Mr. Jinnah's reply with the telegram that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad had sent from Calcutta to the President of the (Azad) Muslim Conference reminding him that in the speeches not a word should be uttered against the personality of Mr. Jinnah."

### IT MAY PROVE LAST STRAW

#### M. I. M. Rowjee On Jinnah's Outburst Against Congress President

Mr. Mahomedbhoy I. M. Rowjee, J. P., ex-Sheriff of Bombay and President, H. H. the Aga Khan's Supreme Council for India, writes:—

"It is becoming increasingly difficult for any fair-minded person to understand Mr. Jinnah's frequent out-bursts against all those who differ from him, especially against those who oppose his dictatorial tendencies. His pet scheme of Pakistan, and the destructive policy he is pursuing, have failed to contribute anything for the welfare of Indian Mussalmans. On the contrary, they only serve to widen the gulf between the majority and minority communities. These have already brought dissension in the League camp itself. But it seems, Mr. Jinnah's insulting reply to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, may prove to be the last straw on the camel's back. Certainly, no free-thinking person can tolerate, much less respect, a leadership which has thrown away such a good chance to pave the way towards unity in the country. It is in the interest of Indian Mussalmans, as much as of the country at large, that Mr. Jinnah, instead of contenting himself with abuse and obstinacy, should heed the mature counsels of such practical men in the League as Sir Sikander Hyat Khan and Mr. Fazlul Huq, so as to achieve an honourable settlement with the Congress.

### "Muslim League Is Rheumatic Disease"

#### Editor On Trial Under Defence Act

RANGOON, July 16.

Mr. V. H. David, Editor of the "Burma Nadu", a Tamil Daily, and S. N. Sundara Mudaliar, Editor-in-Chief of "Swatantran" a Tamil Weekly, are being prosecuted by the Commissioner of Police, Rangoon, for alleged violation of Defence of Burma Act.

The complaint against Mr. David was that he published in "Burma Nadu" an article on June 22 which was calculated to cause fear or alarm to the public.

Mr. Mudaliar is alleged to have printed an editorial entitled "Muslim League Is A Rheumatic Disease" in "Swatantran" on June 22.

The cases stand adjourned.—A. P.

### Sir Sikandar's Advice And Threat To Press

LAHORE, July 15.

Advice to the press to use with restraint news about communal disturbances in the province, was given by Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, at a press conference this evening in the committee room of the Assembly Chamber.

The Premier complained against sensational headlines in certain newspapers which provoked innocent people and appealed to the press to exercise restraint, Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan, however, warned that if his friendly advice was not accepted he might be forced to use other methods.—A. P.

### Call To Muslims To Help Britain

JHELUM, July 13.

A clarion call to the Muslims in general and his followers in particular to help the British Government in the successful prosecution of war was made by Hazrat Moulana Syed Mohammad Fazal Shah, Sajada Nasheen of Jalalpur Sharif in the course of his presidential address at the thirteenth annual conference of the Hizbullah held at Jalalpur last night.

PLEA TO REMOVE BAN.

The Hazrat Sahib requested the Punjab Government to remove the ban from Hizbullah as this organisation had assured the Government of its full co-operation in the maintenance of peace and tranquillity in the province.

It may be recalled that Hizbullah (Army of God) which is a volunteer organisation was founded thirteen years back by Hazrat Sahib Sayed Fazal Shah.—A. P.

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*Table Tennis*

### HOSSAIN BEATS MORETON

#### English International In India

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, July 14.

International trouble will not permit this year the visit of any foreign table-tennis stars. Fans, who follow or play this splendid indoor game, will have as attraction the usual round of annual tennis tournament.

We have, however, in India R. E. Moreton, an English International, who last played for England against Wales in 1939. He has been captain of the Surrey County team for the past four years and with his partner J. H. Carrington was ranked third in England as a Doubles pair.

Moreton is holder of the Surrey and South London Singles and Mixed Doubles Titles. He is a forcing player of all round ability.

The only information available of his doings in India, so far, is his winning of the Men's Singles in an Open Knock-out Tournament in Calcutta. He has defeated K. Banerji, the Bengal Champion, and A. Guha, an Indian International player.

He won two other tournaments in Calcutta. On Friday last, in the same city however, he suffered his first defeat at the hands of R. Hossain. This was in the quarter-finals of the Muslim Institute Open Table Tennis Championship, 21—18, 19—21, 21—16, 21—20. I. Kilen, the Hungarian champion described R. Hossain as the most promising Indian table-tennis player he had seen.

*Football*

### S. Kanara Lose

#### Weather Helps Military Opponents

A kindly sun must have raised the hopes of South Kanara on Tuesday when they had to meet the A. A. Battery in the First Division of the Harwood League. Sunshine however, gave place to rain at 4 p.m. and by 5-50 p.m. the pitch at the Cooperage was thoroughly sodden, which gave the military side a decided advantage over the barefooted Indian side. South Kanara lost by four clear goals.

The Anti-Aircraft Gunners scored two goals in each half, but the margin does not flatter the winners, as South Kanara, though at a distinct disadvantage, were by no means disgraced and the match was not one-sided. Slipping and falling, they did their best to play with resource and determination.

The teams were:—

A. A. BATTERY:—Wells, Mawson and Close; Spamer, Mossend Forth, Cunningham, Crehan Comyn, Woods and Mathews.

SOUTH KANARA.—D. M. Mandon; Anchan and C. Puthran; Suvarna, Salian and Tangera; Deju, S. R. Shetty, V. M. Shetty, K. P. Puthran and S. K. Amin.

**TO-DAY'S MATCH.**

Cooperage—5-50 p.m.—Y. M. C. A. vs. B. E. S. T. (Harwood League); 4-40 R. I. N. vs. R. A. F. (Exhibition).

### FOOTBALL PENTANGULAR

#### Soccer Fans Welcome Idea

All football fans welcome the inauguration by the W. I. F. A. of a Football Pentangular Tournament, and the sole topic in soccer circles in this competition which is to start on July 27.

It has finally been decided that the Hindus, Muslims, Goans, Anglo-Indians and Europeans will participate. As in the Cricket Pentangular, each team can draw talent from outside.

A very fine trophy has been presented for this football contest by that popular sportsman Mr. Sopher.

The draw takes place on July 23 after the presentation of the Harwood League trophies.

At a meeting of the W. I. F. A. held on Tuesday evening the following were elected as the selection committees:—

Hindus:—Messrs. J. Callan (Y. M. C. A.), B. T. Anchan (South Kanara), N. G. Nadkarni (W. I. F. A.) and B. Chakravarti (I. F. L.)

Muslims:—Messrs. R. F. Munshi (W. I. F. A.), A. Ahmed (Bombay Muslims), N. M. Chinoy (W. I. F. A.) and Zia-ud-Din (Bombay Muslim).

Goans—Messrs. M. De Souza, B. C. Lawrence, R. Fernandes (all of the Young Goans).

The Rest—Mr. F. C. Lewis and the Second Division Sub-Committee.

Europeans—Messrs. A. A. Taylor, J. Turner and F. W. Thornback.

The above committees have the option to co-opt members to help in the selections of the teams.

### I. F. A. Shield

CALCUTTA, July 16.

The following are the results of matches played in the first round of the I. F. A. shield tournament which commenced to-day.

E. B. Railway 2: North Suburban Barrackpore 0.

Madhupur 2: Burdwan 1.

Bhowanipore 1: Howrah District Association 1.—A. P.

### Sportsman War Fund

COLOMBO, July 16.

At a meeting of sporting representatives from all over Ceylon, it was decided to launch a War Fund of the social and sporting clubs of Ceylon. Mr. O. E. Coonetilleke who presided announced that the first letter opened that evening contained a cheque for Rs. 1,000 from the Governor, Sir Andrew Caldecott, "The first sportsman of Ceylon".

The clubs are to make a special effort to collect a war contribution which will be paid into the Ceylon war purposes fund. Each Club is to be free to adopt its own method of collecting funds. A large executive committee has been appointed representative of the sporting activities of the whole island.—A. P.

### RANJI TROPHY

#### Bombay Among First Entrants

MADRAS, July 16.

The Secretary Board of Control for Cricket in India informs the "Associated Press" that upto now four Provincial Associations, namely, Bombay, Madras, Baroda, and the North-West Frontier Province have intimated to the Board their intention to enter for the Inter-Provincial Cricket Championship for the Ranji Trophy.—A. P.

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# Admiralty Contradicts "Mischievous" Statement

## French Fleet Attacked Only When It Prepared For Resistance

### All Attacks On French Ships Stopped Since July 12

*LONDON, July 15.*

*A statement alleged to have been issued by the French Legation in Dublin last night alleging 'inter alia' that after the signature of the armistice with Germany and Italy, the French Government was never approached by the British Foreign Office or the Admiralty with regard to the future fate of the French fleet and no explanation was asked with regard to the interpretation of the armistice clause relating to the future of the fleet and also that when attacked, none of the French ships at Oran was in a position to manoeuvre or fire, is the subject of an Admiralty communique.*

*The communique says, "Paris of this statement are so mischievous that it is considered desirable to make the following comment:*

Firstly, by the terms of the armistice the French fleet was to be assembled at ports under Italian or German control and demilitarised except, in German terms, "those ships necessary for watching the coast and mine-sweeping" and in Italian terms "except units which Italian or German Governments design for the protection of French colonial interests."

Whatever interpretation the French Government may have given to these terms it was clear to the British Government, that the Germans and the Italians thereby provided themselves with excuses for keeping the whole of the French fleet in most readiness for action against us when they wished.

Secondly, referring to the action at Oran shortly after the arrival of ships carrying British proposals, French warships began to prepare for sea battle. A lengthy negotiation ensued and it was not until eight and a half hours after the French had begun preparations, that the British opened fire.

The French ships replied within five minutes and not long after the French ships began moving out of the harbour. During the afternoon our aircraft were attacked by a total of 21 French aeroplanes.

Thirdly, with regard to the Dublin statement about the torpedoing of the French light cruiser, the facts are:

An Admiralty representative interviewed the said French naval mission on the night of July 5 and expressed the Admiralty's deepest regret that the French light cruiser was sunk owing to the fact that instructions issued to submarines on the completion of the operation of July 3 that French ships were no longer to be attacked had not reached one submarine.

The last action against ships at Merselkebir was on July 6 and at no time did any British aircraft fire on any sailors or civilians leaving disabled ships.

Following the refusal of the French Admiral at Dakar to accept any of the four alternatives offered to him on July 7 action was taken on July 8 to prevent the "Richelieu" from falling into the hands of the enemy.

Assurances that instructions are being given to stop all attacks on French ships were not given until July 12."

The communique concludes describing the Dublin statement as inaccurate and misleading.—Reuter.

### *WAR CABINET IN NEW ZEALAND*

WELLINGTON, July 16.

The formation of a War Cabinet consisting of three members of the Government and two of the Opposition with full Ministerial rank is announced.—Reuter.

### *Australian Defence Force Will Reach Quarter Million*

LONDON, July 16.

Australia's War Cabinet on Wednesday will consider the means of increasing the strength of the Militia, states the Sydney radio.

The calling up of trainees with other factors will bring the number of Australia's fully trained Home Defence Forces upto the minimum of a quarter million apart from the strength of the Australian Imperial Force troops overseas.—Reuter.

### *Earl Of Coventry Killed In Action*

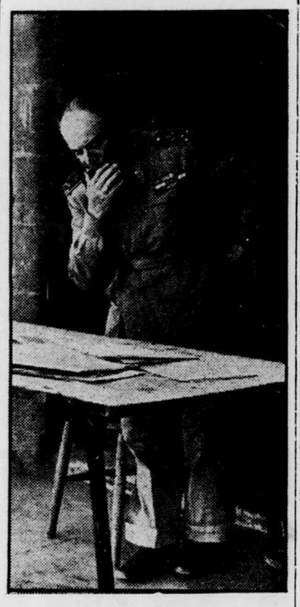
LONDON, July 16.

After missing for a month the 39-year Earl of Coventry, a Lieutenant of the Worcestershires is to-day stated to have been killed in action.—Reuter.

### *Manzilgah Ban Extended*

SUKKUR, July 16.

Pending settlement of the Manzilgah dispute the District Magistrate of Sukkur has issued a fresh order extending, for a further period of two months, the ban on members of the public visiting, frequenting or entering the compound of the Manzilgah and the building situated thereon and the wire enclosure round the same.—United Press.



**An Italian officer prisoner of war studying maps. Several Italian officers were captured by British troops in the first days of the war in Africa.**

## 6,000 Light Tanks For U. S. Army

### Largest Single Order In Peace Time

**WASHINGTON, July 15.**

**The United States army has ordered 6,000 light tanks, the largest single tank order in peace time in the history of the country.**

**Each tank will carry 145 millimetre and 430 millimetre machine-guns as well as an anti-aircraft gun. The value of the order is about eleven million dollars.—Reuter.**

### *LICENCE REFUSED FOR KHADI EXHIBITION*

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, July 16.

The Deputy Collector of Salem has refused grant of licence to the All-India Khadi and Swadeshi Exhibition Committee, on the ground that Salem Municipality has undertaken to run a similar exhibition this year for War Benefit Fund.

### *Zaman Joins Department Of Supplies*

PATNA, (By Mail.)

It is understood that Mr. S. R. Zaman, I.C.S., District Magistrate and Collector of Patna, will be joining the Department of Supplies, Government of India. He will make over charge to Khan Bahadur Syed Mohammad Amir shortly.—United Press.

*FIGHT AGAINST DRINK EVIL*

## B. P. C. C. To Launch A Big Campaign

***An intensive propaganda campaign for urging upon Government the need for continuance of the prohibition programme will be launched by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee within a week.***

***Public meetings and processions in every Ward at frequent intervals and distribution of literature drawing the attention of the public to the dangers of drink, will be the features of this campaign.***

The situation arising out of the Bombay Government's decisions regarding prohibition is to be considered by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at a special meeting to be held on Saturday next.

The reply of the Congress Working Committee to the B. P. C. C.'s letter asking for directions in the matter on the prohibition issue, is not expected before the end of this month. The letter of the B.P.C.C. is expected to be placed before the Congress Executive when it meets in Poona in the last week of July.

## 'BACK-DOOR METHOD'

### Punjab Assembly Congress Party Protests Against Official Report

LAHORE, July 16.

A protest against the non-inclusion of the speeches by Opposition speakers repudiating the allegations made by the Premier in the official report of the proceedings issued to the Press after yesterday's secret session of the Punjab Assembly is made by the Executive Committee of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party.

The Committee feels convinced "that the secret session was a back door method to stifle opposition and that it militated against the object for which the session had been summoned."

Characterising the Punjab Government's action "as highly bureaucratic and insulting to the Opposition", the Committee resolved that the Opposition should "adopt a stronger and more effective methods to assert the just rights of the Opposition."—A. P.

### CENTRAL ADVISORY BOARD OF HEALTH.

POONA, July 16.

The meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Health will meet here on July 22, 23 and 24 next. The Hon. Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Member-in-charge of the Department of Education, Health and Lands, Government of India, will preside.

The Rural Health re-organisation Scheme, which has already been sanctioned by the Government of Bengal costing Rs. 55,00,000 will, it is learnt, soon be inaugurated in the seven subdivisions in the Province.

## BURMA BANS "NEW LEADER"

RANGOON, July 16.

The bringing into British Burma of any copy of the publication in English entitled "New Leader" published in London has been banned.

Similar action has been taken in respect of the Bengali booklet entitled "Biplabi Manabendra Nath" written by Shri Ashoke Chaudhury and printed at Manbhum District Board Press, and the booklet in Hindi entitled "Gandhi Vijya", published in Patna.—A. P,

### *"CHEAPEST IN WORLD"?*

### *Pie Postage Stamps For Burma!*

RANGOON, July 16.

It is notified that postage stamps of the denomination of one pie will be placed on sale at Post Offices in Burma from August 1.

The introduction of the new stamps, which are claimed to be the cheapest in the world, follows Government's decision to charge newspapers under five tolas in weight at the rate of one pie.—A. P.

## EXTENSION OF FREEZING ORDERS

WASHINGTON, July 16.

President Roosevelt has extended the monetary freezing orders to Latvia, Estonia and Lithuania. These are the first Russian dominated countries to come under this ban on export assets as all the previous orders were directed against German dominated countries.—Reuter.

## "We Must Help Britain In Fights Against Enemy Of Humanity"

### Democrat Leader's Sharp Criticism Of Republican Policy At Chicago Convention

### *Allegation Of Democratic Party "Trying Covertly To Lead U. S. Into War" Refuted*

*CHICAGO, July 16.*

***Delivering "the keynote" address on the opening day of the Democratic Party's Convention here to-night the Speaker of the House of Representatives Mr. William Bankhead said that his Party should declare 'inter alia' that "We do not propose to appease those aggressors whose doctrines are to wage war on every principle of liberty."***

Mr. Bankhead, who has been mentioned in some quarters as a possible candidate for the Vice-Presidency, added that the party platform should also declare "sympathy with the British Commonwealth in its struggle for life" and the Speaker added, "We should furnish the British with every possible material assistance in our power within the limits of our law and short of war."

FUTILE CHARGE.

Mr. Bankhead denounced as calumny the charge made by some Republicans that the Democratic Party was trying "slyly and covertly to lead the United States into war", and added that President Roosevelt and Mr. Cordell Hull had done everything possible within bounds of reason to preserve the peace of Europe and prevent the United States from involvement in the war which had developed despite their efforts.

**Mr. Bankhead urged that both political parties should shun recrimination and personal innuendo and wage a campaign for "unity and solidarity of purpose in preserving inviolate the structure of our Government and perpetual freedom of our people."**

Turning to the Democratic Party's domestic record Mr. Bankhead enumerated the major legislative accomplishments of the New Deal and recalled that the Republican convention had not urged the repeal of any of them.

Dealing with defence Mr. Bankhead asked, "Until the invasion of Norway, Belgium, Denmark and the Netherlands how many of us realised the full portent of events overseas.

ROOSEVELT'S FORESIGHT.

"Prior to that invasion," he added, "there was one voice, the voice of one crying in wilderness, that long had tried to arouse America to world reality. Almost alone he foresaw the present situation. That man was the President of the United States."

Mr. Bankhead declared that by contrast to the retrogressive Republican record, the Democratic regime had embarked on an almost unprecedented naval programme, big expansion of the standing army and had expressed determination to produce 50,000 aeroplanes per year.

Replying to the Republican charges that Mr. Roosevelt had "meddled in European affairs" Mr. Bankhead said "that Mr. Roosevelt had only appealed for the preservation of peace against spread of war and on behalf of humanity.

"So anxious has Mr. Roosevelt been to prevent the spread of war in America that he used every possible appeal and prayer in the name of humanity against the spread of such horrors as have now devastated so many inoffensive and free peoples.

NO COMPROMISE WITH FASCISM.

"Never at any time or place has he suggested our entrance into the European war and never has any responsible leader of our Party advocated such participation. Democratic members of Congress were unanimously opposed to sending the American army to European or Asiatic battlefields."

Mr. Bankhead concluded that the Democratic Party's record was not unmarred by "temporary errors" in policy but it was too much to hope that there would ever be infallibility in political action.

**"Great Britain alone stands against the hurricane of the Blitzkrieg and now Hitler and Mussolini have sworn for her total annihilation", added Mr. Bankhead.**

**"They have further more sworn to eternal enmity against all the so-called independent democracies and that includes us."**

"I know it is the attitude of the American people that we will resist to death any compromise of our Democratic principles with those malignant disturbers of the peace of the world."—Reuter.

## MR. BULLITT GOING TO WASHINGTON "FOR CONSULTATION"

### Question Of Sending Diplomats To "Refugee Govt."

WASHINGTON, July 15.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, announced at a Press Conference that Mr. William Bullitt, United States Ambassador to France, who was now in Madrid, was travelling to Washington "for consultation". The time was approaching when the United States would have to withdraw the diplomatic representatives from the German occupied countries, and Mr. Cordell Hull indicated that some diplomats ought to be sent to London to be attached to the Refugee Government there.—Reuter.

## Ceylon's Reply To India Govt.

COLOMBO, July 16.

The Government of India is understood to have addressed an inquiry to the Ceylon Government regarding the nature of the legislation, which it proposes to introduce for the control and restriction of immigration into Ceylon.

It is learned that the Board of Ministers at a recent meeting approved a despatch on the subject to be forwarded to the Government of India.

The main provisions of the proposed legislation is that visitors to Ceylon are to be admitted on permits and had to return to the countries from which they come within a stipulated period, while others coming to Ceylon for employment, including estate labour, had to obtain permission for the purpose.—A. P.

H. E. Sir John Herbert, Governor of Bengal, left Dacca for Calcutta by air on Tuesday morning.

*Exploits Of Charlie Chan*

## Hollywood Murder

*By Alfred Andriola*

COMPARING THE TWO LISTS OF NAMES FOUND ON NORDA NOLL AND LUGO MANCE, CHARLIE HITS UPON A SURPRISING SOLUTION—
HATE! WHEN YOU SUBSTITUTE INITIAL OF FIRST NAME FOR LAST NAME OF MOVIE STAR, IT MAKES WORDS!
Faye Temple Boyer Wong Carroll Lupino Young Bennett de Haviland
Stewart Dunne Bower Brown Horton Colman Davis Merkel Brent
ALICE SHIRLEY CHARLES ANNA MAY MADELEINE IDA LORETTA LIONEL OLIVIA
JAMES IRENE TYRONE TOM EDWARD RONALD BETTE UNA GEORGE
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
BUT NOW FURTHER PROBLEM PRESENTS ITSELF! WHAT IS MEANING OF "JITTERBUG"? OF "ASCAMILLO"?
Alfred Andriola 6-30
EH? WHAT? ASCAMILLO? WHY- THAT'S TH' NAME OF A HORSE!

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.